The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1907. NO. 5

Grangers Trust Company Is Formally Organized.

Meeting of the Stockholders Held in Huntingdon Court House Tuesday.

Is Capitalized at $125,000.

The first Grangers Trust Company of Pennsylvania was organized in the court house on Tuesday when the Grangers Trust Company of Huntingdon was formed with a capitalization of $125,000. State Master, W. F. Hill, of Chambersburg, presided and there was represented about eighty per cent. of the stock by those present, Hon. John G. McHenry, of the Sixteenth congressional district, who is superintendent of the state banking interests was present and the organization was started under his supervision and with his assistance and advice.

The hour for the meeting was 11 a. m. but after some preliminary business they adjourned until 1 p. m. The principal work was the election of directors which resulted as follows: Hon. W. F. Hill, Chambersburg and Hon. John G. Simpson, J. E. Smucker, Geo. W. Fisher, and H. W. Read, of Huntingdon, Adam Black, of Broad Top; Wm. H. Stonebraker, of Mill Creek, J. N. Knode, of Alexandria, Charles T. Evans, of Tod township; Hon. Thos. O. Milliken, of Miller township; W. J. Hunter, of Shirleysburg; Dr. W. T. Shaffer, of Mount Union; M. L. Shenefelt, of Juniata township and B. O. Martin, of Porter township. All of the directors are representative business and professional men of Huntingdon county and are well acquainted to direct the affairs of the new institution. H. W. Read was chosen temporary chairman and he will receive the remainder of the subscriptions and will attend to the executive business of the company until other officers are chosen.

Stock to the amount of $25,000 was subscribed, the subscriptions being received from Grangers from all parts of the county. A large number of the subscriptions have already been paid and the remainder will be paid at an early date. A committee was appointed to procure a charter and it is expected that the charter will be ready in about sixty days and that bank will open and be ready for business by that time. The shares are $100 each and not more than ten shares can be purchased by one individual.

The directors will meet in a few days after which the company will be ready for business. The company is the first trust company to be organized by the Grangers, they having a chain of eight banks scattered through the state. Messrs. Hill and McHenry, with State Bank Examiner Bell., left Tuesday night for Ullysses, Potter county, to organize a Grange Bank.

The new institution starts under very favorable auspices and will no doubt be patronized not only by the Grangers, that organization being very strong in Huntingdon county, bnt by business men in general.

HETRICK—KAUFFMAN.

Miss Nannie Kauffman, formerly of Mapleton, and Walter Hetrick, of Hollidaysburg, were quietly married at 11.30 o'clock on Saturday March 30. Miss Kauffman is an accomplished youdg lady well known to a host of friends in this neighborhood. The groom holds a good position in the Altoona car shops. The ITEM extends congratulations and best wishes.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will offer at public sale on his farm 2 miles southeast of Cassville in Smith Valley on Saturday, April 20, 1907 commencing at one o'clock the following personal property to wit: 1 good mare weight about 1400 pounds also good leader, 1 farm wagon 3 1-4 skein, 3 shoats, 1 Deering mower, 1 corn plow, 1 corn planter, 1 Oliver Chilled plow No. E., 1 wheel harrow, 2 sets of front harness good as new, collars, bridles and halters, lot of hay. All implements and wagons were bought new last season and have been little used. Many other articles too numerous to mention. Terms will be made known on day of sale. A reasonable credit will be given. D. C. PARK.

PERSONAL NOTES.

"Welcome the Coming, Speed the Parting Guest."

—Charles Wertz, of Altoona, is a visitor in town.

—Miss Jettie Moore was a caller to Mount Uuion Monday.

—Mrs. Lou Dell is visiting friends in Huntingdon this week.

—Mrs. Ethel Sims, of Mill Creek, was a caller in town last week.

—T. M. Wood and daughter Ethel spent Sunday in Mill Creek.

—G. D. Wood and wife spent Sunday as guests of friends in Saxton.

—Mrs. Nancy Dell, of Beech Run, was a pleasant caller in town Friday.

—Mrs. John White and Master Paul Lucas, visited in Mifflin last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Patton, of Altoona, visited friends in town Sunday.

—William Parker, of Juniata, spent Sunday with parents and friends in town.

—Elliot Robley and wife, of Altoona, were guests of friends in town Sunday.

—C. C. Brewster Esq., of Huntingdon, spent a few hours in town Thursday evening.

—Mrs. Bruce Yocum and Vere Montgomery visited in Mount Union Thursday.

—Jesse De Forrest, of Pittsburg, was a Sunday visitor at the home of S. B. Neice.

—Vigler Miller, of Clay township, visited at the home of Frank Yetters last week.

—A. L. Douglass, of Harrisburg, was a Wednesday visitor at the home of Simon Stubbs.

—Mrs. Leah Snyder, of Mt. Union, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Long, for a few days.

—Mrs. Anderson Dell and little daughter departed for the home of Mrs. Dell in Hill Valley.

—Mrs. Claudia Speer, of Tyrone, spent a few days last week at her cottage on Railroad Street.

—Blair Shore is visiting at the home o his grand-mother, Mrs. Nancy Dell, in Union township.

—J. Benton Doyle, of Shirleysburg, was a guest of his brother Stanely Doyle in town during the past week.

—Charles Tate, of Mill Creek, while in town on business last week, made a pleasant call at the ITEM office.

—Vance Simpson, of Altoona, was a Sunday visitor at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Julia B. Dell on Main street.

—George Hughes, of Juniata, spent Sunday with his daughter, Miss Lena Hughes, and other friends about town.

—Mr. G. F. De Forrest and family, of Hendeison township, spent Sunday at the home of S. B. Neice, on Gurd avenue.

—Mrs. Elliot Himes and children departed Sunday for an extended visit among friends in Braddock and Pittsburg.

—Mrs. A. M. Menald, of Mill Creek, was a caller at the home of her sister, Mrs. D. B. Miller in Mapleton Saturday.

—B. Frank Godard, receiver for the Swope-Gayton Quarry Co., was in town during the past week looking after claims.

—Samuel Bennett, an employee of the Altoona shops was a pleasant caller among friends and relatives in Mapleton on Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Heck, of Tyrone, and Mr. Dison Long, of Altoona visited at the home of John Long in the west end of town Sunday.

—Jere Masemore, of Clay township was a welcome visitor at the home of B. B. Shore and family on East Main street, Friday and Saturday.

—Miss Nellie McLaughlin, who has been visiting friends and relatives in town for the past two weeks, departed for her home in Harrisburg Monday.

—District Attorney Wilson and wife (nee Miss Minnie Wright), of Lewistown while on their way home from a visit in Virginia, stopped with friends in Mapleton Sunday.

—Mrs. John P. Messmer entertained at her home on east Main street last week her mother, Mrs. Sidney Morgan, her sister, Miss Esther Morgan, and brother, Edward Morgan, of Huntingdon.

RECENT DEATHS.

Ethel May Himes.

Ethel May, the thirteer months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elliot Himes was found in bed at the family home on Railroad street Thursday morning. The child was not ill and the exact cause of death is no known but it is supposed to have died from the effects of spasms. The funeral was preached at the house by Rev. Ake after which interment was made in the Odd Fellows cemetery. Besides the parents the deceased is survived by three brothers and one sister. The ITEM extends sympathy to the bereaved parents.

George McNerlin.

The commnity was shocked yesterday morning when the news passed around that George McNerlin had died suddenly about half past eight o'clock. Mr. McNerlin had been suffering from dropsy for some time and the end was anticipated but it was not thought that his death would be so sudden.

George McNerlin was born in Clay Township, this county June 15, 1636 hence was aged 70 years, 10 months and 1 day. He was married to Miss Sarah Cooper. To them were born four children, two of whom, Wm., of Clearfield, and Mrs. Goorge Wakefield, of Mapleton, survive. He lived for a time in Trough Creek Valley and after the death of his wife came to Mapleton. He later married Miss Susanna Wharton who with two children, Carolnne and Mahala, survive him. Responding to the call of his country he entered the service on September 3, 1864, as a private recruit in the 3d Penna. artillery, from which he was honorably discharged on June 6, 1865.

Mr. McNerlin was a quiet. unassuming man and well disposed. His death is mourned by many. The funeral services will be held at the home to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, after which interment will be made in the United Brethren Cemetery.

Howard Andrews,

From the New Bloomfield Times.

This community was greatly shocked on Sunday afternoon when Howard Andrews, one of West Newport's respected citizens, came to the home of J. C. Bastline, and while standing on the porch talking with Mr. Bastline he was suddenly stricken with apoplexy and sank to the floor unconscious and died before medical aid could reach him. Mr. Andrews was apparently in good health and having eaten his dinner at home walked to the home of George Reamer, near Acker school house southeast of town there he met his son, H. O. Andrews, of Mapleton, (who is married to a daughter of Mr. Reamer) and after talking to him for quite a while he started for home with the intention of getting his wife to walk along down to the station to see their son, who intended to take the five o'clock train for home, but on his way stopped to see Mr. Bastline a few minutes. He was a soldier of the civi war and was about 65 years old. He leaves a wife and one son to mourn their loss. He was a miller by trade and at one time did the milling for James Everhart. He had purchased a house from Mr. Bastline and intended to moye into it on Monday. Funeral services Wednesday. Interment in the Newport cemetry.

A UNIQUE PRINTERY.

The Two Ways of Doing Things—The Right and Wrong Ways.

Mr. Dooley says that when opportunity knocks at some men's doors he finds a welcome. Others run away when they see him and still others knock him on the head with an ax. The get-up-and-do-things man would stop and think if yon would tell him how he could increase his business, his standing among his fellow men and his income without the expenditure of any more money and without any extra work.

Whether you are a business man, tradesman, laborer, mechanic, farmer, agent or professional man we can show you that a well printed and neat and artistic letter-head, envelope, card, bill, head announcement or poster will practically pour money into yourown pocket. Why not have the very best when it will not cost you more than ordinary cheap printed matter. Our presses are good, our type faces new and up-to-date and our office is convenient and well equipped. This with good workmanship is what makes our printing take the lead We invite comparison of prices, quality and work. Call at the ITEM office or write us for prices and samples of the kind of printing you are interested in.

Travel anywhere and yon will not find a more unique or better equipped printing establishment than the Mapleton ITEM office. Two elegant acetylene lighted steam-heated rooms on the first floor of the Wright Building are occupied. The wrong way to do in the matter of printing is to buy inferior grades when the real thing in printing can be secured at no greater and in many cases less cost. The right way is to call or write a letter or card to the ITEM office for samples of the quantity and kind of printing you need. We do a great deal of printing by orders through the mail. Courteous and careful consideration is given to mail orders the same as if you called in person.

LOCAL NEWS.

Brief Items of Happenings in and About the Town.

Trout season opened Monday.

Mrs. Cora Cree and Guy Bumgardner, of Calvin were recently married.

Marshal Yocum who has been on the sick list for several days is again able to be about.

W. C. Banks who has been disabled for several years on account of a paralytc stroke is improving in health.

The manufacture of concrete building blocks was resumed last week by Wright Brothers at the Swope-Gayton quarry.

W. A. Crotsley and Harry Turnbaugh, of Colfax, hauled a load of new arm machinery from the freight depot Friday.

Shapiro Bros. have received a complete line of goods and are now able to supply their increasing trade. See their new ad on page eight.

Mrs. Mollie Shade of Dayton, Ohio, is not expected to live because of the effects received from a stroke of paralysis which she received on January 9, 1607. Mrs. Shade is a sister of Mrs. W. C. Banks of town.

The Old Kilcreese property on Sherman street now owned by Miles Quarry, is being torn down. Mr. Quarry expects to erect a two story dwelling on the lot. The building which is now almost a thing of the past was probably one of the first houses erected in Mapleton, having been built nearly thirty years ago.

On Saturday evening a pleasant gathering in the form of a birthday surprise party was tendered Russel, the eleven year old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Montgomery at his parents home on Main street. Fifteen boys and girls were present to enjoy games of all kinds. Refreshments were served during the evening and at 9.30 the happy little guests departed for their homes in the various parts of town.

The sixty-first birthday of Mrs. Lou Bowman, of Calvin, was celebrated at her home last Sunday. The gathering was one of surprise to Mrs. Bowman. Among those present were Mrs. Geo. Roland and grand-daughter, Miss Orpha Shore, Webster Curfman, wife and daughter, and Alvin Decker and wife of town. The honored guest of the occasion received many presents. An enjoyable day was spent.

The Sunday School Work.

Prof. Berry, Field Secretary of the Huntingdon County Sabbath School association was here on Friday evening and spoke to a fair percentage of the Sabbath School workers of the town. The things that he emphasized most strongly were: Teachers Training, Cradel Roll, and Home Department, for all our Schools. He also called the teachers attention to the responsibility that lies upon their shoulders, we hope to work up heroically to the Standards set before us by the State Sabbath School workers, and that when the County Convention meet in our town August 28 and 29 we may have "Front Rank" with the school of Huntingdon County and Pennsylvania,.

Rev. J. I. L. Ressler, A. M., of Westerville, Ohio, former Presiding Elder of East Allegheny Conference and now serving in that capacity on the West District of the United Brethren Church, on his way home from a trip in the east stopped with Rev. Holtzman, on Friday night and pleased all who heard him by singing two selections, and making a few remarks along the line of Prof. Berry's remarks. Sunday School Work, in part he said that the Sunday School is not for children, only but for all; that it is not a separate department of the church, but a distinct part of it: quoted from Dr. Hurlbuts Normal outlines, the object of the Sabbath School must not be: a social meeting, a debating society, a singing society. Not only should geographical and historical events be studied, however important they are, but we must go further and impress the practical phrase of the lesson, the supreme object of the Sunday School is, "To win souls for Christ, and to build up those in Christ."

Both Prof. Berry and Rev. Ressler struck the key note of Church work when emphasizing Sabbath School work and the only regret we have to made is that not more were present to hear them.

All the Way Home From the Far West.

The Conclusion of Mr. Hicks' Fascinating Articles on a Trip to Montana.

Various Landscapes Described.

Your readers possibly were glad when I landed in Montana last summer, as the letters sent back home as we journeyed toward the setting sun were pretty well strung out, and like the ancient queen who visited Solomon, the half could not be told, and like the cat so much sung about in more recent days, we came back because we couldn't stay away.

Our journey on the return trip was quite as rife with demonstrations of the beauties and wonders of nature and the accomplishments of man, as that of our out bound trip, and from notes taken at that time from the car window, I submit the following, hoping to interest the friends of the ITEM.

Homeward bound we traveled via the Northern Pacific Ry, leaving Butte, Montana, about noon. The beauties of the Rocky mountain divide, described in a previous letter on our way west was again viewed with as much interest as when our faces were set in the opposite direction, and as it is undoubtedly the most wonderful demonstration of art in nature and the ingenuity of man in overcoming seemingly insurmountable obstacles, one is awed into silence and lost in thought sublime and indiscribable.

One feature which was not met on our way west was experienced at Bozman Montana On arrival of our train at this point, we saw several boys with their arms full of beautiful flowers, and we supposed that they were for sale, but to our great surprise they tossed each passenger who they could reach, through open door or window a large bunch of sweet peas, and such beauties as to baffle description attached to each bunch was a card inviting all recepients to attend a Sweet Pea Carnival to be held in this busy western town on August 11th.

In a previous letter the fact was mentioned that this was where the Montana State Agricultural College was located The unique manner of advertising a carnival, the beauty and fragrance of the advertising medium, as well as the surroundings of the railroad station all cause the traveler to wish that time would permit of attendance at the Carnival of the Sweet Peas. That being impossible we were forced to the conclusion that education and business tact go hand in hand in this Community and Bozman will ever be associated in our mind with that most beautiful and fragrant of flowers the Sweet Pea for our particular bunch numbers among the souvenirs brought from the "Treasure State", and in their pressed condition still retain much of their beauty and fragrance.

Soon after leaving this part of the Gallitan Valley we run into a typical western storm the dark clouds increased in density, and the circling columns of dust swirled in a mad race across the level lands, seemingly bent on catching each other, all the time keeping up a veritable dance, as they were hurried on by the high wind, the scene was grotesque and facinating, and gave us some idea of the force of the elements, and furnished ample proof of the necessity for the many "holes in the ground", or cyclone cellars which are in evidence in this country. Soon the rain and hail come down in torrents, and we come to where the fields were a mixture of crystal and beautiful green, and our vision took in miles of rolling lands of this combination, as the setting sun added its resplendent brilliancy, causing the glittering ice globule to take on the sparkle of diamonds among the beautiful green grass. Your imagination cannot over estimate the beauty of this scene. Night over took us at "Big Timber," where not a tree of any description was in sight. but I have such faith in the recourses of this western country that the big Timber in question is I imagine just over the hill, whose beautiful sloping sides prevents us seeing it. The evening was most enjoyably spent in social chat with our fellow travelers, about twenty in number from almost as many states in the Union. Quite a few were singers, others just talkers' and conversation was interspersed with popular songs, and midnight caused all curtains to be buttoned in front of our sleeping apartments and the aisle became deserted except by the colored porter who doubtless was glad to get us all to bed, so he could get his forty winks. The morning of August 3d found us near Glendive North Dakota. Early dawn opened to out view, as we gazed from our window, a bewildering succession of hills of a light grey clayish looking soil, interspersed with bright red shale, with here and there a hill entirely of red in close proximity to one of grey, both partly covered with dark green

(To be continued next week.)

CARNEGIE DEDICATES HIS $23,000,000 INSTITUTE

Turns Pittsburg Institutions Over to the People.

"IT'S ALL LIKE A DREAM TO ME"

Denies That He is Entitled to Any Credit For Amassing Millions—Distinguished Gathering at the Ceremonies—Scope of Institute.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Surrounded by a brilliant assemblage of world-famous personages, Andrew Carnegie formally turned over to Pittsburg the magnificent institute which bears his name and for which he has given $23,000,000 in round figures, the largest sum ever given by any man to any one institution.

With 25,000 people lining the quarter-mile boulevard between the Hotel Schenley, the headquarters of the visitors, and the Carnegie Institute, Mr. Carnegie and his guests marched to the dedication.

The line was led by Director Arthur Hammerschlag, of the Carnegie Tech Schools, followed by the members of the faculty. Then came Mr. Carnegie on the arm of W. N. Frew, chairman of the board of trustees, and behind them the guests, with Lieutenant-General Alfred F. J. von Lowenfeld, General Adjutant to the German Emperor, and Lieutenant Dickhuth, of the German army, in the lead.

Following the German officers came statesman and educator, artist and famous manufacturer, churchman and politician. The Catholic Bishop of Pittsburg walked with the Episcopal Bishop. With Booker T. Washington marched two educators of another complexion.

The proceedings began at 9.45 a. m., when Chairman Frew received the guests in the Founders' room. At 10.30 a. m. came the municipal reception to visiting guests by Mayor and Mrs. Guthrie, assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie. At 11.30 came the academic procession from the Hotel Schenley to the institute, under escort from the Faculty and students of the Carnegie Technical Schools. At 2 o'clock the dedication exercises began in the music hall, and at 3 o'clock the rest of the buildings were thrown open to the general public. At night there was a concert of the Pittsburg Orchestra.

The ceremonies, while elaborate, were marked with extreme simplicity.

When Mr. Carnegie arose to make his address the applause was long renewed. He had been introduced by Chairman W. M. Frew of the Board of Trustees as a man who had long been absent from Pittsburg, but who still needed no introduction. This expression seemed to furnish Mr. Carnegie his inspiration. He put his manuscript down, his eyes flashed, he stepped far to the front beyond the speaker's table, and raising his arms, cried out:

"I have been in a dream ever since I arrived here, and I am still in a dream. As I look upon this building, I can hardly realize what has been done in my absence by the men who have made it. I have tried to make myself realize that I have anything to do with it, and have failed to do so. My banker tells me that I have so many bonds; I never even saw them. Did I earn them? Well, I started the machinery going and they came to me. When the institute project was first mentioned I wrote my name to a little slip of paper. That completed my task. I do not even know how many bonds they took, because I don't know how many I have. And still I am given the credit. It doesn't belong to me.

"I cannot feel that I own a mountain. I don't think any man can really feel he owns a stretch of land. Let him walk over mountains or heather and say to himself, 'These mountains are mine,' and he will not be able to make himself understand the meaning of the words. So it is impossible to make one's self understand that he owns a great fortune.

"I don't miss the money I gave. So far as I know there are as many bonds in the safe deposit vault as there were before. I told my wife last night, after I had viewed this wonderful place, that I felt that Aladdin's Lamp had been working, and she replied, 'Yes, and you did not even have to rub the lamp.' That sizes up my position exactly."

Mr. Carnegie delivered this remarkable speech in the most impassioned way with his eye glasses thrust back over his head, and his arms gesticulating. At times in it he was vigorously applauded, but for the most part the audience sat silent, not unsympathetically, but rather as if unable to take it in. Having said this, he walked back to the speaker's table, picked up his manuscript, pulled down his glasses over his eyes and delivered his prepared speech.

The institute is of marble, and stands in Schenley Park, one of the most beautiful in the city. The building faces the south, and with its wings and extensions covers an area of four acres, while with the three floors there is a space for the various departments of sixteen acres, exclusive of two basements and the power house. The total cost of the institute, which occupied thirty months in construction, was $6,000,000. The bookstacks have a capacity of 1,500,000 volumes. The art galleries cover 44,700 square feet and the museum covers 104,000 square feet.

WHISKY'S STATUS DEFINED

President Declares That Liquors Must Be Labeled Truly.

Blends and Compounds Are Substantially Alike and Both Are Forbidden by Pure Food Law.

Washington, D. C.—The long-expected opinion of Attorney-General Bonaparte concerning the proper labeling of whisky under the Pure Food law, approved June 30, 1906, was made public at the White House. Its purport is briefly told in the following letter addressed by the President to the Secretary of Agriculture:

My Dear Mr. Secretary—In accordance with your suggestion, I have submitted the matter concerning the proper labeling of whisky under the Pure Food law to the Department of Justice. I inclose the Attorney-General's opinion. I agree with this opinion, and direct that action be taken in accordance with it.

Straight whisky will be labeled as such.

A mixture of two or more straight whiskies will be labeled "blended whisky or whiskies.

A mixture of straight whisky and ethyle alcohol, provided that there is a sufficient amount of straight whisky to make it genuinely a "mixture," will be labeled as compound, or compounded with pure grain distillate.

Imitation whisky will be labeled as such.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Referring to sherry, port and Madeira, whose flavors, the Attorney-General says, are distinct from each other, he points out there is an evident distinction to be drawn between them and champagne, and adds:

"In the view of a chemist or physicist, champagne would doubtless be described as a 'compound,' for it consists essentially of a wine, of sugar, and of an aerating gas, three substances obviously 'unlike.' The law, however, in my opinion, does not contemplate that an article should be marked as a 'blend,' 'compound' or 'imitation' unless its designation would be otherwise 'false or misleading' to the consumer; and the name 'champagne' would indicate to any would-be purchaser who was ordinarily intelligent and well informed a wine artificially sweetened and aerated, or, in other words, a composite substance."

"Compound" and "blend" are substatially synonymous, the Attorney-General says, when applied to mixtures of liquids, in ordinary speech, but the Pure Food law establishes a distinction between them, based upon the character of the ingredients.

The Attorney-General declares that according to the true intent of the Pure Food law, a mixture of whisky with a neutral spirit must be deemed a "compound" and not a "blend," although the spirit may be a distillate from the same substance used to furnish the whisky, and that such a mixture stands on the same footing as a mixture of whisky and brandy or of whisky and rum.

FORAKER TAKES STUMP.

Has Differed With President on Only Three Points, He Says.

Canton, Ohio.—Senator Joseph B. Foraker opened his campaign against the friends of Secretary Taft for control of the State here when he delivered a speech at the Board of Trade dinner.

His topic was "Our Civic Life," but he discussed his career in Congress, explained his attitude toward President Roosevelt's policies, declared that he would accept no criticism except from his constituents, and held himself accountable to no one else. He said he had only thrice opposed legislation favored by President Roosevelt, and that he would abide by the judgment of the people of Ohio as to whether he had done right. His references to the President were received without demonstration.

Mr. Foraker's reception upon his arrival and during the afternoon was perhaps not so warm as usual.

ANNOUNCED HIS SUICIDE.

Friend of Thaw Shoots Himself in Pittsburg Theatre.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Robert M. Crow, twenty-two years old, attempted suicide by shooting himself in the abdomen in a box at the Grand Opera House during the performance in the afternoon. He was taken to the Homoeopathic Hospital, fatally wounded.

Crow, who is a nephew of H. C. McEldowney, president of the Union Trust Company, has been mentally unbalanced for some time and has spent all his time studying works on insanity since the beginning of the trial of his friend, Harry K. Thaw, in New York. W. C. McEldowney, another uncle, declared that "Pittsburg paranoia, an insane impulse to do something sensational," caused Crow to attempt his life under such spectacular circumstances.

Crow bought a box seat at the theatre and sent letters to his uncles telling them of his intended suicide. Miss Ethel Levy was singing "Unrequited Love" when he arose, in the full sight of the audience, and fired a shot into his body. Miss Levy ran from the stage, while women in the audience screamed and fainted. Both uncles of the young man had received his letters and were on the way to the theatre.

BITS OF NEWS

WASHINGTON.

The President has signed the commission of Oscar R. Hundley as Federal Judge of Alabama.

The Interstate Commerce Commission decided to appeal to the court to order Mr. Harriman to answer questions.

President Roosevelt spoke in praise of the American soldier at the unveiling of the Rough Riders' monument in Washington.

Announcement was made of the United States delegation to The Hague Conference, Joseph H. Choate heading the list.

Mrs. Ida M. von Claussen, who declared that Charles H. Graves, United States Minister to Sweden, had grossly insulted her, sent a protest to the State Department, demanding an abject apology.

President Roosevelt will investigate charges of graft in the Commissary Department of the Panama Canal.

The Navy Department has given orders to rush work on war ships and intends to have twenty-five battle ships and thirteen armored cruisers in commission within one year.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

A delegation of Cuban planters visited Secretary Taft, in Havana, to urge that the elections be postponed as long as possible to prevent disruption of credit.

Governor and Mrs. Beekman Winthrop will return to this country from Porto Rico with the Taft party on the Mayflower.

The Japanese and Pacific Mail steamers calling at Honolulu, Hawaii, are said to have made alterations in their Asiatic quarters since the arrest of Captain Going some months ago.

Encouraging results have been obtained at the lepers' settlement in Hawaii by the use of extract of eucalyptus in treating leprosy.

DOMESTIC.

Charles Emory Smith, of Philadelphia, addressed the Yale students on American expansion.

Men employed as "nurse girls" in Great Barrington, Mass., have organized a union, demanded more pay and asked for time to see baseball games.

C. H. Venner, of New York City, filed a suit in Minnesota asking for a receiver for the Great Northern Railway Company.

Suffering from nervous prostration Mrs. Ignatz Lowengart jumped from a sixty-foot bridge at Portland, Ore., and was killed.

The Southern Conference for Education, meeting at Pineville, N. C., chose as president R. C. Ogden, of New York City.

William T. Stead's plea for world peace was greeted enthusiastically at Pittsburg and the audience threw money on the floor to aid the cause.

Poison, self-administered, killed Ellis E. Godlove, of Brooklyn, at Memphis, Tenn.

A powder explosion at Richardson's coal mine, Beattyville, Ky., killed E. B. Montgomery, his ten-year-old son and Rolly Hall.

The United States Supreme Court sustained the validity of the Louisiana law taxing notes given in that State to the New York Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

Entering a gas-filled room with a lighted lamp, M. D. Clay was killed at Atlanta, Ga., by the explosion that ensued.

A shot in the head ended the life of James H. Brayton, a school principal at Chicago, despondent from ill health.

A constitutional amendment increasing the pay of Assemblymen from $500 to $1000 has been adopted by the Wisconsin Legislature.

The President appointed Daniel A. Campbell postmaster at Chicago.

The Cleveland Electric Railway Company rejected the offers of the holding company and raised the price of tickets.

The Two-Cent Railroad bill has passed both houses of the Michigan Legislature.

Senator Foraker visited Columbus and rallied his forces for the fight with Taft.

Announcement was made that the Executive Committee of the Union Pacific will reduce E. H. Harriman's powers as dictator of that company.

FOREIGN.

M. Emile Benoist, a Paris banker, was shot and killed by a discontented customer in the office of a financial newspaper of which M. Benoist was editor.

An insult by a monarchist member to President Golovin, of the Russian Duma, was promptly resented by the suspension of the offender.

General Lee Christmas, an American, who was fighting with the Honduran forces, was wounded and captured by Nicaraguans.

A hearing was given in Paris to Abbe Jonin, charged with inciting to rebellion from the pulpit in connection with the taking of church inventories.

At a banquet on board the Numancia in the harbor of Cartagena King Alfonso and King Edward pledged the lasting friendship of England and Spain.

Both Radicals and Liberals in the Duma fiercely denounced the Russian judicial system, following a demand made by the Minister of Justice for the exclusion of three deputies in order to try them.

DOG VICTIM TERRORIZES SHIP

John J. Clark, of Jewett City, Conn., Succumbs to Convulsions.

Passenger Dies of Rabies After Raving During Long Trip—Physicians in Doubt As to Symptoms.

New York City.—Raving violently from hydrophobia which his physician believed resulted from brooding over frequent references friends made to a slight bite by a dog three months ago, John J. Clark, a mill superintendent, of Jewett City, Conn., kept 340 passengers in the steamer Chester W. Chapin in a state of constant anxiety during a trip from Norwich, and died in convulsions just before the boat reached Pier No. 40, North River, in this city.

Clark and his mother were bitten at the same time last January, but applied only home remedies to the slight abrasions on their hands. No ill effect was felt until Clark's hand began to swell. The swelling continued until Dr. S. J. Holmes directed him to come to the Pasteur Institute in this city for treatment. Accompanied by the physician, two brothers and several other male relatives, Clark took passage from Norwich in the steamer.

Hardly had the trip begun before the patient began to show the first symptoms of violence and to bark like a dog. It required the combined efforts of his traveling companions to keep him in check, and the other passengers were in constant fear that he would overpower his attendants and do himself or other persons on board bodily harm. Heroic treatment was resorted to by Dr. Holmes, who used drugs. As the steamer was nearing her pier Clark suddenly collapsed and died in a few minutes.

"I believe Mr. Clark was frightened into the belief he had rabies by persons who kept reminding him he had not had the wound cauterized, and that the disease was largely due to the mental state thus produced in the patient," said Dr. Holmes, discussing the case. Clark's mother, on hearing of her son's death, started at once for the Pasteur Institute to take the treatment herself. No symptoms of the disease have yet developed in her.

M'CREA AFTER R. R. WRECKERS.

President Bound His Road Shall Be Made Safe.

Philadelphia.—At the close of a conference held at Broad street station, President McCrea, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, announced his intention of going to Pittsburg to lead operations against the gang of train wreckers who, in less than two months, have caused eight wrecks on the Pennsylvania lines, seven of them within the last two weeks.

This conference was called by President McCrea and attended by several of the road's vice-presidents, General Manager Atterbury, heads of the railroad detective force and Pinkerton officials.

The detectives' revelations decided Mr. McCrea, it is said, to go in person, and to indorse the extraordinary measures proposed for the suppression of the wreckers.

DIES AFTER READING OF DEATH.

Newspaper Error Throws Indiana Woman Into Fatal Hysterics.

Evansville, Ind. — Thrown into a state of nervous prostration by reading an account in a newspaper of her supposed death Mrs. Louisa Duley passed away.

Through an error the death of a woman of the same name was reported as having occurred in Mrs. Duley's home, and as she read the story she fell from her chair to the floor. A physician was called, but was unable to learn the reason for Mrs. Duley's collapse. Later she became rational but, after talking a few minutes, began to cry: "I am dead, I am dead! I saw it in the paper," and died in hysterics.

ANTI-BUCKETSHOP BILL WINS.

Texas Legislature Passes Measure Prohibiting Dealing in Futures.

Austin, Texas.—The Senate concurred in the House amendments to the Watson-McGregor bucketshop bill. These amendments were in effect the Jenkins-Mayfield bill, which is a stringent anti-bucketshop measure, going so far as to prohibit hedging on cotton futures.

The new law will not go into effect for ninety days after adjournment of the Legislature. It will put out of business every bucketshop in Texas. It also strikes the Galveston and Houston cotton exchanges a hard blow. It prohibits all dealings in futures.

$100,000 LOSS, THEN SUICIDE.

Society Matron Ends Life Because of Husband's Misfortune.

Lowell, Mass.—Crazed by illness and worry over a $100,000 loss her husband is reported to have suffered, Mrs. Gertrude Burke, wife of John C. Burke, a social leader, ended her life in her home by shooting herself in the head. News of the suicide shocked the whole city. Burke, who is a prominent lawyer, refused in the last campaign to run against John B. Moran for Governor. He is the senior member of the firm of Burke & Corbett. The family occupies a fine house, No. 24 Eleventh street.

THE MARKETS

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.			
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3¼c. per quart.			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra	$ 30	@	$ 31
Firsts	28	@	30
State dairy, finest	28	@	29
Good to prime	25	@	27
Factory, thirds to firsts	20	@	21½
BEANS.			
Marrow, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Medium, choice	1 42½	@	1 45
Red kidney, choice	2 15	@	2 17½
Pea	1 40	@	1 42½
White kidney	2 75	@	2 80
Yellow eye	1 75	@	1 80
Black turtle soup	1 90	@	2 00
Lima, Cal	—	@	3 00
CHEESE.			
State, full cream, fancy	14	@	15
Small	14½	@	15
Part skims, good to prime	8	@	9
Full skims	2	@	3
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	18½	@	19
State—Good to choice	17½	@	18
Western—Firsts	17	@	17½
Duck eggs	18	@	25
Goose eggs	40	@	50
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Greening, per bbl.	2 25	@	3 75
King, per bbl.	2 50	@	3 50
Ben Davis, per bbl.	2 00	@	3 00
Cranberries, C. Cod, per bbl	5 00	@	7 50
Jersey, per bbl.	4 00	@	5 00
Strawberries, per qt.	8	@	20
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb.	—	@	17
Roosters, per lb.	10	@	12
Turkeys, per lb.	—	@	13
Ducks, per lb.	—	@	16
Geese, per lb.	8	@	10
Pigeons, per pair	—	@	30
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	10	@	14
Fowls, per lb.	10	@	14½
Geese, spring, per lb.	8	@	10
Ducks, spring, per lb.	8	@	12
Squabs, per dozen	1 75	@	4 75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay, prime, per 100 lb.	—	@	1 20
No. 1, per 100 lb.	—	@	1 15
No. 2, per 100 lb.	—	@	1 05
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	80	@	1 05
Straw, long rye	60	@	65
HOPS.			
State, 1906, choice	17	@	18
Medium, 1905	7	@	8
Pacific Coast, 1906, choice	13	@	14
Medium, 1905	8	@	10
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., per bbl.	1 40	@	1 65
Southern, per bbl.	1 50	@	2 50
Sweets, per bbl.	2 00	@	3 75
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 00	@	2 75
Egg plant, per box	2 50	@	4 00
Squash, per box	1 00	@	2 50
Peas, per basket	1 00	@	2 50
Peppers, per carrier	1 50	@	3 00
Lettuce, per basket	1 00	@	4 00
Cabbages, per crate	75	@	1 75
String beans, per basket	2 00	@	5 00
Onions, State, per crate	50	@	1 25
Orange Co., per bag	50	@	1 25
Carrots, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 50
Beets, per bbl.	75	@	1 25
Celery, per case	1 00	@	2 50
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	90
Okra, per carrier	1 00	@	2 50
Parsley, per bbl.	8 00	@	12 00
Spinach, per bbl.	1 50	@	1 75
Watercress, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	2 50
Kale, per bbl	65	@	85
Shallots, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Radishes, per basket	50	@	2 50
Cucumbers, per basket	2 00	@	3 50
Leeks, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Parsnips, per bbl.	1 25	@	2 00
Horseradish, per bbl.	2 50	@	6 00
Asparagus, per doz. bunches	2 00	@	6 00
Oyster plants, 100 bunches	2 50	@	5 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 60	@	3 85
Spring patents	4 10	@	4 95
Wheat, No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	89⅜
No. 2 red	82⅝	@	83⅜
Corn, No. 2 white	—	@	55½
No. 2 yellow	—	@	52¾
Oats, mixed	—	@	47
Clipped white	48½	@	53
Lard, city	8½	@	8¾
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	9
Calves, city dressed	7½	@	12½
Country dressed	6	@	10½
Sheep, per 100 lb.	—	@	4 50
Lambs, per 100 lb.	—	@	6 75
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.	6 20	@	7 [illegible]
Country dressed, per lb.	8½	@	9½

WHEAT CROP WILL BE LESS.

Little Change in the Price Results From Damage News.

Chicago.—Whatever may be the limit to which damage of the winter wheat by the Texas bug may go, the trade pretty generally has satisfied itself that the production this year will not come up to that of a year ago. Official reports give a good character to the outlook in several States, but these do not comprehend the injury said by private experts to have shown itself recently.

There is still much wavering of opinion by the same persons regarding the extent of the damage done in Oklahoma, Kansas and Missouri by the bug, as well as that done by severe weather changes in other States, but the composite view is that the situation is grave as to its possibilities, if not its actualities. Many in the market are taking their cue from the buying orders that have come from sources close to the scene of alleged damage. Others are disposed to wait a while longer and see what results on the fields will follow a replenishment of moisture.

Reactions follow damage stories which seem on their face to be extravagant. Over-reaching by the crop killers breeds discredit among the conservatives. With all the price changes in a fortnight, however, the net difference in price is small.

Brazil Regrets Coffee Deal.

Coffee has gone lower, and the Government of Brazil, which entered into a huge speculation in the product is beginning to regret that it did not expend a few cents for an A B C of on finance before backing the prise.

JURORS IN THE THAW CASE FAIL TO AGREE

They Are Discharged, Standing 7 For Death, 5 For Acquittal.

NEW TRIAL SET FOR NEXT FALL

Insanity Plea Favored by Those Who Stand to End For Prisoner—Jerome Will Oppose Bail—Family Disappointed.

New York City.—After forty-seven hours spent in fruitless discussion, the jury in the trial of Harry K. Thaw for the killing of Stanford White was discharged by Justice Fitzgerald in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Contrary to the custom in discharging a jury, the court did not thank the twelve men for the trying work they had done. As they left the court house the jurors said they felt hurt by the cold manner in which they had been dismissed.

The jurors on their last ballot, taken three-quarters of an hour before their discharge, stood seven for murder in the first degree and five for acquittal on the ground of insanity. Soon after the twelve men retired they stood eight for murder in the first degree and four for acquittal on the ground of insanity, but after reading Thaw's letters and the will and codicil the defendant had drawn up on the night of his marriage, John S. Dennee, Juror No. 10, said he had a reasonable doubt as to Thaw's sanity at the time of the shooting, and he went over to those who voted for acquittal.

Dennee offered to compromise on a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree, but the four jurors who had voted for acquittal from the first would not accept the proposition. In all nine ballots were taken.

Of the seven jurors who voted for conviction six were willing to compromise on a verdict of manslaughter in the second degree, but the rest would not change their views. George Pfaff, Juror No. 2, voted from first to last for conviction of murder in the first degree, contending that if the defendant were sane at the time of the killing he should be sent to the electric chair.

At no time from the moment the jury retired until it was discharged did Thaw have a chance for freedom. The five jurors who voted for acquittal did so on the ground of insanity. Had that verdict been brought in the defendant would have been committed to the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane, there to remain until he should be pronounced cured.

District Attorney Jerome told reporters that he would place Thaw on trial again, but not until the fourteen homicide cases now pending had been disposed of. This means that the second trial cannot possibly take place until late fall or early winter. In the meantime Thaw must remain in the Tombs, because Mr. Jerome has said that he would oppose any motion to admit the defendant to bail, and it is scarcely likely that any judge would grant a motion in face of the District Attorney's decided opposition.

Mr. Jerome says there is a possibility that a change of venue may be applied for. Jerome has his doubts about that, however, and believes that a jury can be found in New York County that will declare Thaw guilty. Of course, in the event that Thaw should develop insanity to a marked degree in the meantime he would be sent to Matteawan without being compelled to undergo another trial.

Thaw is in good spirits. It was expected that he would break down and shout to be liberated. He did nothing of the kind.

As soon as the courtroom had been cleared the Thaw women went to the pen above the courtroom under the escort of Lawyer O'Reilly, there to console Harry. They found that they needed more consolation than did the man they had hoped to take to their home with them.

Mrs. William Thaw and her two daughters, Mrs. Carnegie and the Countess of Yarmouth, left the court building in one automobile, Mrs. Evelyn Thaw in another. Mr. Hartridge accompanied her. They declined to say anything for publication. They were overcome by the blow and too agitated to speak.

Estimates of the cost of the Thaw case are as follows:

Expense to New York County—	
Jury fees	$1,536
Jury expenses	5,200
Fees to waiting talesmen	5,000
Fees to experts	22,200
Judge's salary	4,375
District Attorney's salary	3,000
Assistant District Attorney's salary	1,875
Extra clerical work	2,000
County detectives	5,000
Extra detective service	3,000
Traveling and incidental	5,000
Court attaches	3,000
Stenographers' pay	4,500
Extra police	8,000
Witness fees and expenses	5,000
Grand total	$78,686
Expense to the Thaw family—	
Experts	$45,000
Attorney fees (chief counsel)	100,000
Assistant counsel	40,000
Cost of original lawyers	20,000
Expenses of detectives, etc.	15,000
Prisoner's meals	1,500
Traveling expenses	1,000
Cables, etc	2,500
Tracing up testimony (estimated)	10,000
	$235,000

CHRONOLOGY OF THAW-WHITE CASE.

These are the chief events in the Thaw-White tragedy:

1906—June 25—Thaw shoots and instantly kills Stanford White on the Madison Square Roof Garden.

1907—Jan. 23—Thaw arraigned for trial before Justice Fitzgerald in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court; drawing of jury commences.

Feb. 4—Morning—Taking of testimony begins; prosecution puts in its case during the forenoon. Afternoon—Defense opens.

Feb. 7 and 8—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, wife of the prisoner, testifies to the story of her ruin by Stanford White, which she told her husband, Harry Thaw.

Feb. 12—"Brainstorm" theory advanced by alienist for the defense.

Feb. 14—Death of juror's wife stops trial.

Feb. 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26—Jerome cross-examines Evelyn and attacks her story of her downfall.

March 8—Thaw's defense closed; prosecution opens in rebuttal.

March 18—Abraham H. Hummel puts in photograph of last page of Evelyn's alleged retraction of charges against White.

March 20—Jerome halts trial to demand a commission to test Thaw's present sanity.

March 26—Commission appointed by Justice Fitzgerald to decide on defendant's mental condition.

April 4—Commission after having examined Thaw reports him sane; trial ordered resumed.

April 8—Lawyer Delmas, all evidence for both sides being in, begins final appeal to the jury.

April 10—District Attorney Jerome made his argument; Justice Fitzgerald charged the jury.

April 11—Jury deliberates.

April 12—Jury disagrees and is discharged.

BUSINESS SKY CLEARER.

Country's Great Trade Centres Report Record Prosperity.

New York City.—Special dispatches to the Tribune from three of the country's great centres of trade—Pittsburg, St. Louis and Chicago—show no appreciable falling off in business. The opinions of financiers, manufacturers and business men in general are uniformly optimistic, and do not reflect the pessimism expressed by James J. Hill, Mr. Schiff and Mr. Belmont in recent interviews.

Pittsburg expects some slackening up, and will welcome it, but scouts any real business depression. Men high in the steel trade say there can be no depression there this year or next.

St. Louis is enjoying the greatest business prosperity in its history, and prospects are for more business this year than last. One of the great railroad equipment companies reports orders on its books for nearly 100,000 cars.

Chicago reports business in every line booming and on the increase.

FIFTEEN KILLED IN WRECK.

Injured Passengers Burned to Death on the Canadian Pacific.

Fort William, Ont. — Fifteen persons were killed and twenty injured in the wreck of a Canadian Pacific passenger train near Chapleau, 300 miles east of here. The train was thrown from the track by a broken rail and plunged down an embankment into a small lake. Some of the injured passengers were pinned in the wreckage and slowly burned to death, while others met death in a more merciful form in the waters of the lake.

When the train struck the broken rail five tourist cars near the middle of the train broke loose and rolled down the embankment. One of the cars was entirely submerged. The other four stopped closer to the shore and were only partly covered by water. The latter caught fire and the passengers imprisoned in a mass of wreckage were burned to death.

NO ROCKEFELLER BOULEVARD.

Cleveland Takes His Name From the Driveway He Gave.

Cleveland, Ohio.—John D. Rockefeller's name is no longer borne by the boulevard he gave to the city. The administration has changed the name of the upper driveway in Rockefeller Park from Rockefeller Boulevard to East Boulevard.

Residents in houses and apartments along the driveway are indignant. The change was authorized some time ago, but those most affected knew nothing of it until signs bearing the new name were put up within the last few days.

No explanation has been offered by the city authorities.

The Pulpit

A SERMON BY THE REV. IRA W. HENDERSON

Subject: The Man Jesus.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Preaching at the Irving Square Presbyterian Church on the theme, "The Man Jesus," the pastor, the Rev. Ira Wemmell Henderson, took as his text John 12:21, "Sir, we would see Jesus." He said:

Let us go with these certain Greeks of whom John bears us record and see Jesus. Down the long perspective of the ages let us look at Christ, the man.

A study of the career of the Savior will indicate two central and crucial elements in His character as a man. Jesus was a man of parts; He was also a man of power. The Lord was not a negative being. He had definite ability and the energy to put His gifts into direct achievements.

The Christ was a man of parts. As a philosopher He is peerless; as a teacher He can teach us all the way to teach; a preacher to mankind His messages convince. His ministry is a present and a constant joy to the weary and a sweet remembrance to heart and soul alike.

Jesus was a man of power. His spirituality is unsurpassed. His goodness is the godly kind that we admire. His sincerity makes the heart sure; His commanding positiveness is refreshing. His constancy was sublime.

Jesus was a man of parts. In His clear and comprehensive statements of eternal truths He stamped Himself a philosopher without an equal. To Him God was the first great cause—the personal, spiritual giver and ruler of all life. For Him union with the will of God in a holy, godly life is the highest good for men and for society. In the mind of Christ sin is disobedience to the will of the Father and its wages is deliberate separation from Him—that is to say, death. The things that are spiritual are the only things that last unto eternity, and it was to the attainment of eternal graces as the end of human existence that Christ turned the attention of mankind. A glance into the depths and ranges and reaches of human thought and experience that His many messages touch will convince any man, however skeptical he may be, of His predominant position among this world's philosophers.

Jesus is markedly a teacher as He unfolds and explains the mysteries of divine verities. With the simplest language and the most charming parables Jesus sent home changeless truths. Does He desire to show the uselessness of trust in riches He pictures to us the rich man with his barns and his bank and the wreck thereof. Under His touch the leaven in the loaf reveals to us the men and the women we should be. He lights a candle for us, and we strive to spread His truth throughout the globe. The supper of the mighty lord sends us out into the highways and the byways to bid men lay fast hold upon salvation, free, rich, sufficient. As a teacher Christ is masterful. He takes a mustard seed and we see the coming of the kingdom. A man hides a talent in a napkin and stands forever as a danger signal beside the king's highway. The foolish virgins are a lesson to us to be ready for the coming of the Master. These and the rest of the parables of Jesus are full of suggestion and of implication, weighty with concentrated principle.

Jesus taught spiritual and moral principles. He was not foolish enough to endeavor to give to us a set of rules which should be for us a sort of guide book or directory. He gave no set of statutes. Realizing that we are men and not automatons our Lord suggests the principles and then leaves the individual to work out for himself under the guidance of the Spirit of God the application of the principle of his own life. Christ didn't worry about the geographical situation of Judea or over the question as to whether the world is flat or round. Those points at issue were quite beyond His province. His mission was to teach spiritual and moral truth, and He had neither time nor taste for anything else. Why should He worry over secondary and transient matters when the souls of men were in dire need of that primal truth which is necessary unto eternal life?

Jesus also taught with authority. He knew that the truth was in Him and He let no man contradict Him with success.

He spake, and to those men—believing and unbelieving—it came as the voice of God. The honest hearted believed unto salvation; those who didn't want to accept His truth sent Him away in scorn and crucified Him at the last. The Jews sent Jesus to His death not because they did not realize the force of His words but very largely because He spake too much truth to suit them. Some one has said that there is no more hazardous task than that of carrying the torch of truth into those hidden recesses where the light has never shown. Jesus found this to be true.

Christ's application of His theories to the needs of every day and His positive insistance upon the legitimacy of the demands of godliness and ultimate truth upon the lives of all men are the secrets of His marvelous power are a preacher. He not only preached abstract theory but also showed how these ideas could become factors for uplift in the busy lives of men. The duty to love God and to serve the truth was not with Him a mental problem, but a fact of life. Christ never minced words. He knew that which He was after, and He never failed to make His hearers see what He meant. Vivid, direct, without a waver, Christ sent home the truth. And it was this that gained Him both friends and enemies, as it will any man who dares to state the truth men either cannot see or will not hear. What a prophet He was and oh, what a need there is to-day for men who can see and feel, for men with insight and prevision, men who dare to probe the present and the past and to predict the future, fearlessly, inspiringly, with God-given wisdom and divine zeal. How sick we all are of that popular preaching of the day, which is aimed nowhere and hits nothing—whose main and prevailing characteristic is that it is inconsequential and flabby, effeminate and devoid of the power men should show.

The winsomeness of the ministry of Jesus is a fact that merits our attention. The love that flowed from His heart, the tenderness of His voice, the sympathy that rushed without ceasing from His soul, the healing virtue of His hand, all these stamp Him as a minister who can teach us how to aid men best.

The Lord was a man of power. Power is to ability what electricity is to a dynamo. A man of parts must become a man of action before he is of much use. The world is full of geniuses who are impotent. They cut no figure in the life of their day simply because they lack energy and force. Jesus was a man of many powers.

His spirituality is unsurpassed. He had a right basis for His philosophy and His life. He had the right point of view, and thus of necessity saw things in their right relations. His spiritual philosophy colored all His mission, messages and ministry, and gave individuality and peculiar meaning to His words and deeds. Christ began right. He put God at the centre of His system of life and of course all went well with Him. The insight of Christ and His spiritual sense are our need.

Jesus was a good man, and goodness is greatness and power. Christ was no sickly sentimentalist, but a good man in the best sense of the word; that is to say, He was a godly man. He was a clean minded, pure hearted, noble acting man, and no matter what may be the mental or material abilities of any man, if he be not good he cannot hope to be most of use. Godliness must be a characteristic of any man who would mold a lasting and revered memory. Christ was not mawkish. You know how He dealt with the problems of the shew bread, the ears of corn, the man who waited to be healed. He was straightforward and more than conscientious. He was constructively, progressively, cumulatively righteous. He moved ahead. He was kind, true, pure, noble — that is to say, good. Meanness was beneath Him. The truth was His glory. Cleanness of life was the sign of His inward grace. He was a gentleman, a true nobleman. He was an aristocratic democrat, who showed His birth and His breeding in His manner.

Jesus was sincere. He was not a patch work, but a whole pattern. He leveled to any plumb. He met specifications to the letter. There were no weak spots, no faulty places in His life glazed over with pretended character. Jesus was a whole, wholesome, well rounded man, without defect whatsoever. His sincerity inspired trust, for He lived the sort of life He asked other men to enter. Every one knew and knows just where Jesus stood—with the right always.

Jesus was positive. He didn't suppose or guess or just think. He knew and was sure. His knowledge was from personal experience and it was power. Because Christ is dead certain of what He speaks about we hail Him Lord. And do we wish to lead other men to Him we must also speak with conviction out of personal knowledge.

But constancy was not the least of the Savior's powers. Jesus was no quitter. He was not a prey to discouragement. He had faith—and to last. He stood squarely with the issue and the cause He represented at all times and in all seasons, through thick and through thin, through good and evil report. Christianity needs more of such Christlike constancy. Constancy means pluck, endurance, courage against and in the face of odds. Inconstancy is the child of lack of faith and it breeds failure.

Jesus was a man of parts and of power. His facility for various work needed a man of power. Jesus was a genius and a hard laborer. He had inherent ability and a fund of forcefulness. The world is full of geniuses without power. The list of unknown saviors is large. Jesus had talent and the real, vital spiritual power that could make talents productive. He had the right kind of energy and enough of it. He got His dynamic from God. That is where we should apply for ours.

The Only True Religion.

Men talk much about "practical religion," but differ greatly as to what it comprises. Many limit it to benevolent gifts and kindly ministries, or to public religious services. But it is more. It includes a personal faith in Christ, holy communion with God and a pure life. There can be no real and abiding practice of Christianity without a renovated nature and a sanctified heart.—Presbyterian.

No Danger There.

"Put your whole soul into the Christian life. No one ever was guilty of backsliding who was pressing with all his might toward Jesus."—Philadelphia Methodist.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR APRIL 21, BY THE REV. I. W. HENDERSON.

Subject: Joseph Sold by His Brothers. Gen. 37:5-28 — Golden Text: James 3:16 — Memory Verses, 26-28.

One of the most fascinating characters of Old Testament history is Joseph, the beloved son of the old age of Israel. Idealized, to be sure, in some measure, the character of Joseph is yet one to be made a pattern in many respects. The story of his virtues must have had a remarkable influence upon the hearts and minds of the youth of Israel throughout the centuries. And we may declare him a model in many respects for the children of this age.

This lesson shows us the incident in the life of Joseph when his jealous brethren rid themselves of his presence. It shows what are the inevitable consequences of favoritism upon the part of parents, what was the youthful unwisdom of Joseph, what was the progress and the culmination of the hatred that the brothers held toward Joseph, what was the furtherance they gave, unwittingly, to the plans and purposes of God in their very sin. The lesson shows us many other minor lessons also, but we shall be content to consider those outlined above.

Joseph was the beloved of Israel. This was his joy; it was also his misfortune, so far as immediate consequences were concerned. It was the highest happiness of the life of Israel to pour out on Joseph without stint the fulness of his heart's affection. But his very pleasure in his beloved son became the cause of some of the bitterest hours in the life of Israel. The love that Israel bore Joseph was natural: its demonstration was unwise. However his heart may have delighted in the winsomeness of the stripling he should have had the wisdom, commensurate with his years, not to publish the fact too largely in the family circle. Joseph had no more claim on the affection of Jacob than any of the rest of his father's children. Israel was primarily responsible for the rising of the unholy passions that swept Joseph into Egypt. And the household of Israel was not the only one in which this particular unwisdom has been displayed. This is a lesson for parents.

Then, too, Joseph was not wise with his brethren, however natural to youth his action may have been. He must have been conscious, in some measure at least, of the enmity that was aroused in their hearts. They had eyes to see and ears to hear and spirits that could resent unfairness. We are led to believe that bad feeling had been manifest in the family life before this overt sin was committed of which the lesson speaks. And so Joseph could not have done a more foolish thing than to tell his brethren of the dream of his own preferment that had come to him of God. It was natural. It was boyish. We cannot say that it was told with the desire to evoke resentment. But that it was a provocation none may question. It was maladroit, to say the least. There are many youths to whom Joseph's example might be a salutary lesson. Nothing is to be gained by informing people of the fact that we mean to outstrip them in the human race for preferment and success. The man who has a vision of his future greatness will be a wiser man if he keeps the vision secret with his God.

Jealousy is a desperate sin. No man is quite so cursed as the man with the jealous disposition. Of all the sins against humanity there is none so vicious and distressing as that of jealousy. For jealousy is akin to covetousness, and covetousness is at the very base of all human misery. At bottom Joseph's brethren were covetous. For they desired the affection of their father in the measure that Israel loved Joseph. If they had been satisfied with the sort of treatment Israel dispensed there would have been no trouble. But they weren't. And jealousy, surging and rushing through their hearts, led them to increasing manifestations of their resentment. Anger leads to conspiracy. Conspiracy has its fruitage in premeditated fratricide. Only the good sense of Rueben saved Joseph's life. As for his other brethren, they were no doubt congratulating themselves upon the effectiveness and the awfulness of the death to which they had finally consigned Joseph. A death in a dry well in a desert country. It was ghastly to contemplate. In the providence of God the Midianite merchantmen came their way. And so their hands were saved from bloodguiltiness. We cannot say the same for their hearts. They saved their house from the stain of murder by despicably selling their brother to a foreign people for less than the price of a slave. And they thought doubtless they had done away with him none the less effectually.

But this very action was a furtherance of the divine plans. The very wickedness of his brethren was the means God used to exalt Joseph. It was a hard way to use to get Joseph to Egypt. But it was efficient. And what were the hours of ignominy to the years of power with which God requited Joseph. The dream came true. The jealous brothers lived to see Joseph ruling with viceregal splendor in the land of the Pharaohs. They lived to discern, what many another evil man has seen, that the wickedness of humanity is the opportunity of God.

You may know how precious the Bible really is to a man by the extent to which he banks on it.

The Mapleton Item

CHARLES W. SWOPE, Editor & Manager.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

Wednesday, - - - - - April 17, 1907.

How much better it is to take the brambles out of the path of your friend than to add thorns to wound his feet.

Except the man who is glad when his neighbors is struck in the mire, everybody will join in the good roads movement.

The strenuous man is not the soldier on horseback with sabre drawn, but rather the man with folded arms who sees a new truth and utters it regardless of consequences.

THE PLANET MARS.

Fourth in order of distance Mars is on an average of 142,000,000 of miles from the sun, and about one and one half times as far away as the earth. Its distance from the earth varies from 47,000,000 at opposition, to 246,000,000 at conjunction. Its orbit is elliptical.

Mars has two satellites, which were discovered by Professor Hall in 1877. They are the smallest heavenly bodies known; about 6 miles in diameter. The angle they make on the earth is only about as large as that made looking at a base ball from New York to Boston.

The diameter of the planet is 4200 miles, a little more than half that of the earth; its mass is about one ninth. The density is seventy-two hundreds of the earth's and the force of gravity pulls only two-fifths as much at the surface as it does here. A body weighing 200 pounds on the earth would weigh only 80 pounds at Mars.

The moon reflects seventeen one-hundreds of the light shed upon it about as much as sand rocks; the moon has no atmosphere. Mars reflects twenty-six one-hundreths of the light shed upon it, which indicates that there is very little if any atmosphere there. If there is a blanket of atmosphere around Mars it is not any more dense than the atmosphere of the earth at the high summit of the Himalaya mountains not enough to support human life. The spectrum of the moon are idential in every respect. This could not be true if it had any considerable atmosphere. Mars receives four-ninth as much heat from the sun as the earth receives. If the earth had no denser atmosphere anywhere than at the summits of the Himalayas the temperature here would always be below zero. Going so much farther away from the centre of all heat to Mars the temperature must be several hundred degrees below zero.

Mars can never be seen so advantageously even with the largest telescope, magnifying 500 times, as the moon can be seen with an ordinary field-glass magnifying only four times.

The surface is divided into red and blue areas. Observations on these markings show that the planet rotates on its axis in 24½ hours. There are large white areas which appeaar and disappear around the poles with the change of seasons. Some astronomers have called the red areas "land" and the blue areas "water". There is no reason why the blue areas should not be called "land" and the red areas "water". The polar caps are sometimes said to be snow.

Much sensational writing tends to spread the belief among even intelligent people that Mars is inhabited, by human beings like ourselves, and set inventors to work to open comunication with our neighbors. When the best astronomers give their opinions with a sense of responsibility they agree in saying "we don't know", but there is every reason to believe that complete explanations will be forthcoming in time.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning April 21.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—Wise ways to read wise books.—Prov. iv, 1-9.

We live in a reading age. The mass of reading matter that comes from the press, from the daily newspapers, to the most profound treatises upon religion, science and philosophy has never been surpassed. In the past the chief difficulty was the absence of books. Today the great difficulty is the abundance of literature. There is scarcely a home without its dailies, magazines and in many cases libraries ranging from a few books to an immense number of volumes. In Christian homes books of all character are to be found. Christian libraries are no longer limited to Baxter's "Saint's Rest," Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress" and Doddridge's "Holy Living and Holy Dying," with an occasional work of fiction hidden away by the young people of the home lest the eyes of parents should look upon it. Public libraries exist by the hundreds and in almost every village and town as well as in the large cities. The fact is that the best as well as the worst books of the world are accessible to almost every one who desires to read them.

The abundance of reading matter and its easy access today form one of the greatest problems, so far as reading is concerned. The difficulty of selection is a most serious one. It is folly to suppose that any one can read all the books that are even worth reading. The wise reader who reads to get wisdom will make no attempt to surpass in the quantity of reading. Quality is always desirable to quantity. A few books well mastered are more valuable as a means of wisdom than libraries fitted with beautifully bound volumes, the covers of which are seldom if ever opened. Books are written to be read and not for ornamental purposes. It will require no small amount of wisdom to select the wise books that are to be wisely read, and most young people especially will need to be directed in their reading by some one who has had wide experience in the selection of the best books to be read.

It is safe to say, however, that some books of all forms of literature should be read. He is certainly an unwise reader who reads nothing but poetry or history or fiction. Poetry, history, essays, science, philosophy, religion and even fiction should all have some place in our reading. The greatest danger lies in fiction. There is too much of a tendency today to read too much fiction, to read it so lightly as to enervate the mind and especially to read fiction of doubtful moral character. When it comes to fiction the popular taste of today clamors too much for the sensational, the unreal and even the immoral. Let it be known that a modern novel is a little shady in character, and it is in great demand, as the librarians at any public library can testify. This is one of the incidentals in life that prove the perversity of the human heart. What we would not listen to from the lips of another we are willing to read in private. But there is no more dangerous reading than this. The soul of a young man or a young woman may be soiled forever by the reading of one such book in a lifetime, and by the constant indulgence in such literature the inward life may be made wholly foul and unclean. Young people, as you value a clean, pure heart, cut out such reading. It leads to impure thoughts and imaginations and even to impure deeds and should have no place in the literature of one who desires by reading to be made better and wiser. Moreover, there is an abundance of good fiction not only in the writings of the masters of the past, but in the modern books of fiction. This is one of the places where we are to "avoid the very appearance of evil."

What we should read should be determined largely by the purpose of our reading It is no longer considered a sin to read good fiction to while away an hour or simply for present entertainment, but we must guard against spending too much time upon this kind of reading. Nor is it necessarily unwise to follow to some extent our personal tastes in reading. No law requires us to ponder over Shakespeare and Browning if we do not care for what they have written, nor does it betray a lack of literary taste to candidly confess that they do not appeal to us. If we prefer poetry and other poets, let us follow our preference, but no one should read nothing but poetry. History is one of the most profitable forms of reading. But the cultivated man or woman will want some knowledge of all the great authors and their works, and it is amazing what can be accomplished by a little systematic reading along these lines every day and even at odd times and moments. The only rule is to keep faithfully at it. To Christian Endeavorers it is hardly necessary to say that the Bible should have the supreme place in our reading. There is no kind of literature that it does not contain—history, poetry, law, science, philosophy, letters and even romance—and, above all, rightly read and followed, it "maketh wise unto salvation."

BIBLE READINGS.

Ps. xix, 8-10; xciv, 12; Prov. i, 1-7; ii, 1-7; iii, 13-23; viii, 10, 11; John v, 39; Acts xvii, 11; I Tim. iv, 13; II Tim. iii, 14-16.

STATEMENT

of the financial condition of the Borough of Mapleton for the year ending March 5, 1907.

Account of John A. Toomey, collector of Borough dublicate. Tax rate 6 mills.

DR.

To amount of Duplicate	$586 86	
" 5 per cent. added on $69.85	3 49	
CR.		
By exonerations		2 10
" 5 per cent. off $474 04 for prompt payment		23 70
" 3 per cent. for collecting $474 04		14 22
" 5 per cent. for collecting $110 44		5 52
" Treasurer's receipts		544 82
	$590 35	$590 36

Account of A. W. Swope, Treasurer of Mapleton Borough fund.

DR.

To amount from previous year	$232 17	
" " " Auditor General	3 71	
" " " J. W. Henderson for fines and licenses	61 80	
" " " collector	544 82	
CR.		
By vouchers		$357 43
" 2 per cent. as Treasurer		7 15
Balance in Treasurer's hands		477 92
	842 50	842 50

Balance in Treasurer's hands . $477 92

We the undersigned auditors of Mapleton Borough being duly sworn according to law do certify that we have audited the accounts of the Collector and Treasurer of Mapleton Borough for the year ending March 5, 1907, and find same as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals the 14th day of March A. D., 1907.

J. MELVIN MILLER,
C. W. SWOPE,
EDWARD McCARL,
Auditors.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primaries to be held June 1, 1907.

J. QUINCY DELL,
Cass Township,

ASSOCIATE JUDGE—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Associate Judge of Huntingdon county subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primaries to be held June 1, 1907.

GEORGE W. WRIGHT,
Mapleton Depot.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Associate Judge of Huntingdon county subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the primaries to be held June 1, 1907.

ALEXANDER ELLIOT,
Huntingdon,

ASSOCIATE JUDGE—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Associate Judge of Huntingdon county subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primaries to be held June 1, 1907.

W. W. FULLER.
Mount Union.

BUSINESS CARDS.

S. P. STUBBS,
—CARPET WEAVER.—
and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.
Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

Myron McClain,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,
CASSVILLE, PA.
Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

A. W. SWOPE
—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—
All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Main street.

Wm. T. Webb,
CARPENTER & BUILDER
MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.
Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS,
Notary Public.
W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

DR. ROY E. BLACK,
DENTIST.
21 Washington Street
Huntingdon, Pa.
All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

DR. W. W. RUMBERGER,
DENTIST,
Post Office Building, MOUNT UNION, PA.
All branches of the profession given prompt and careful attention. 11-22-yr

What is it that tastes as pleasant as maple sugar and quickly relieves coughs and colds? Mothers who have used it will quickly answer: "Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup." The pleasant cold remedy that expels the cold through its laxative action on the bowels. Conforms strictly to the Pure Food and Drugs Law. Contains no opiates. Sold by Wright & Dell.

Women's interests are given very special attention in THE DAILY PRESS, as well as in the illustrated color section which is devoted exclusively to woman's interest in THE PHILADELPHIA SUNDAY PRESS. The regular department are all handled by experts and the patterns for embrodery work and millery are valuable. If you order THE PRESS served at your home seven days in the week you are sure to get the best there is both both as to news and other features.

Harry E. Huston, Saltillo, Pa.

YOUR SPRING SUIT.

Every young man wants to be well dressed in Spring and is not satisfied with his appearance unless he has the latest in style, fit and finish.

With this particular young man in mind we have placed on our tables one of the most up-to-date perfect fitting lines of clothing it has been our pleasure to show an appreciative public.

For the Young Man—just emerging from his knee pants suits to the long pants suits we begin in price as low as 2.75 running up to 10.00 per suit while for the boy who wishes the knee pants suits the price runs from 1.25 per suit up.

It is useless to lay 15.00 to 25.00 for a made to measure suit when 10.00 to 15.00 will buy one of our perfect fitting suits made according to fashions latest designs. REMEMBER our suits fit, please and wear and run in price for men as low as 4.50 for men.

To complete your Spring outfit you will need a new hat, new shirt, pair of new shoes and necktie and you will make no mistake if you come here for them.

HARRY E. HUSTON,
SALTILLO, - - - PENNA

Central Banking Co.
MOUNT UNION, PA.
T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier
Discount Day—Wednesday
Stockholders Individually Liable.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
MOUNT UNION, PA
Officers:
A. B. Gillam, President.
T. A. Appleby, Vice President.
G. B. M. Kepler, Cashier
Directors:
A. B. Gillam, T. A. Appleby, C. B. Bush, M. D., Frank O'Connor, C. B. Crum, R. B. Campbell, W. G. Ewing, M. W. Isenberg, W. J. Campbell, M. D.
Household individual banks furnished on application.
A general banking business done.
Interest allowed on time deposits.
Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.
Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON.
Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.
K. ALLEN LOVELL, President
J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier
DIRECTORS.
K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J. Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. F. Schock.
Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.
Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms B13z.

STANDING STONE
NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON, PA.,
No. 412 Penn St.
OFFICERS:
JOHN BREWSTER, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
A. J. McCAHAN, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
John Brewster, J. H. Brumbaugh, Geo. W. Sanderson, L. M. Hagerty, H. B. Brumbaugh, J. G. Gillam, H. B. Dunn and A. J. McCahan.
Discount Day—Wednesday.
We cit your account and will give your business prompt, accurate and considerate attention.
Telephone No. 82. 5-28-02-yr.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,
'Phone 102. Akers Building
503 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.
Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS OR LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.
Telephone connection 8-1-00-tf

When your back hurts it is almost a warning from your kidney. When your kidneys are wrong there is nothing so good as the use of DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. They assist the kidneys. Sold by Wright & Dell.

When you need a pill, take a pill, and be sure it's an Early Riser. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are safe, sure, satisfactory pills. The pills with a reputation. They do not gripe or sicken: They are sold here by Wright & Dell.

WINCHESTER

Smokeless Powder Shells
"LEADER" and "REPEATER"
The superiority of Winchester Smokeless Powder Shells is undisputed. Among intelligent shooters they stand first in popularity, records and shooting qualities. Always use them
For Field or Trap Shooting.
Ask Your Dealer For Them.

CORRESPONDENCE.

TO CORRESPONDENTS:—Kindly advise us as soon as your supply of stationery is exhausted and you will receive a new supply by return mail.

CASSVILLE.

The members of the M. E. Church held a reception Tuesday evening for their pastor I. J. Reeser, a very pleasant evening was spent.

Rev. Samuel McClain organized a Union Sunday School in the M. P. Church Sunday, it was followed by preaching.

Mrs. A. J. Hamilton who has been spending several weeks wtth her daughters Mrs. Van Horn of Montoursville, and Mrs. MacMillan, of Harrisburg, returned home last week.

Mrs. George Green has been quite ill for the last two weeks.

Master Aubrey Houck visited friends in the valley Sunday.

Rev. I. J, Reeser preached a very interesting aud helpful sermon last Sunday evening.

Mr. Lamar Heaton, of Harrisburg is spending some time with his parents in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Long entertained friends from Saltillo recently.

MILL CREEK.
The Saunterer.

You might saunter through our new borough and not discover that there were strangers within our boundries, or that any of our citizens were absent from their accustomed places, but the saunterer saunters for the one and only purpose, and that is to make just such discoveries, possibly you all noticed what a very substantial summer kitchen I. N. Bumgardner has erected at his home on Main Street and how his neighbor Thomas Oshall keeps right in line of improvement by adding a new porch to his already cosy domicile. Miss Viola Cogley was with friends in Spruce Creek over Sunday, and Miss Lacea Kirkpatrick and her friend Miss Isett, of Huntingdon, corps of teachers wera guests of Mr. and Mrs. A, P. Simpson, Sunday, as was also their son Chalmer, of Altoona. Mr. Peter Finiff will in the future have charge of the butcher wagon fomerly maned by Mr. Muckle and if you did not get your music box tuned last week it was your own fault because Mr. Kneff, of Sunbery, was in town doing that kind of work, and "they do say" that school board with eight members, got into a tangle last Saturday night over the laws of the commonwealth, some of them wishing to apply a law that had age on and others that of more recent date, but the Saunterer is satisfied that they will get down to rock bottom after while even if they don't all have front seats. Those three representatives of a valuable sand deposit, who was in the village last week are the advance guards and signal lights of future improvements in this vicinity sand rock is of no value to the owner in its crude state, and the great demand for this commody, points to further development deposits through this section. Come along gentlemen the more the merrier.

Mrs. Clyde Gates and children visited her sister, Mrs. Edward Boring in Union township last week and Miss Nora Hawn is at home after a successful term of school at Rockburg. Mrs William Moore of Cincinnatti, Ohio, is at the home of her parents for a short stay and Mrs. Lidia Ream, of Aloona, is visiting the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Goodman. Mrs. Hicks and daughter spent Sunday with Mrs. Nancy Simpson and Mrs. Snyder and son, of Pittsburg, are visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. William Hartman in Henderson township. The valuation between Henderson and Brady townships, and the borough of Mill Creek will be adjusted by John W. Tate, he having been appointed to attend to that matter. Next Sunday evening our good folks will have an opportunity to contribute to the Chinese famine relief, fund, in the M. E. church at the close of the regular service. I almost forgot to mention that as I sauntered through town I heard that Uncle Ben Goodman was President of that new school board, and Albert Menald, secy., both reliable citizens who fully realize the importance of having good schools. When you see me going by do tell me the news. You can not expect me to guess at everything, and I might miss it and you would have to nose around yourself or go to guessing

SALTILLO.

Mrs. Russel Barber moved to town last Thursday.

Walter Hildebrand and his brother Edward, leave Monday 15th. for Altoona where they expect to get employment and will be gone for sometime, they are two worthy young men.

John E. Griffin was a visitor in our town last week.

Rev. Forrest, preached to a large congregation Sunday evening, his text was Awake to rightecusness, a subject for all, it is time that we do awake to righteousness.

Miss Anna Beck's school closed last Friday. Anna is one of our few teachers that gives satisfaction in the schoolroom.

We had the pleasure of shaking hands with six men from Palestine, at Sabbath School, sunday morning they all seemed to be grasping the word of truth.

Dr. W. Heaton and Walter Stever, leave Tuesday morning for the sunny south, to be gone a week or ten days.

SALTILLO.

(Too late for last week.)

We regret to note the sad accident of Andy Lear, which occurred at Petersburg Saturday morning, his body was drought here Monday on the 10:30 train followed by a number of friends to Cornelius Chapel for interment.

Will Norris, who has been employed in Altoona, for sometime returned home on Saturday, complaining of a sore throat he immediately called Dr. W. Hamilton who found it to be a case of diphtheria. The house was quarantined at once. We do not anticipate any further trouble of disease spreading, as all precaution are taken to prevent others from getting the awful disease. We hope for Will's speedy recovery; he is a good congenial boy.

J. W. Senft gave us a fine sermon Sunday morning April 7th., taking for his text, second Tim. 2:15, Study to show thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth. How many of us are living that we may be worthy of Gods love is a question for each one of us.

Our enterprising friend John Cornelius, who purchased C. B. Crum's Mill, was very fortunate in securing Frank Burninger, as miller. We all know he makes fine flour.

Ada Spangler has returned to the old millinery stand opposite H. Huston's store. Exceedingly low prices, fine hats for little money. All welcome.

Harry Huston, returned from the East Friday last, has a desirable lot of fine goods at very reasonable prices. Call and be convinced that goods have not advanced in prices as much as we expected.

Prof. C. H. Drake and family, took their departure for Trough Creek Valley, Apr. 2nd. Children as well as parents, are delighted with their new home. We wish them success.

The Churches.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Sunday school at 9.30 o'clock.

Christian Endeavor at 6.15 o'clock

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. Mark G. Holtzman, pastor.

Prayer meeting to-night at 7 o clock,

Teacher Training on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Ladiss Aid Building. Let all attend that possibly can, and help equip thd teaching force of the School for better teaching. Bring a prospective teacher with you.

Sunday School on Sabbath morning at 9.30 o'clock in charge of the superintendent, Mr. Parker.

Junior Y. P. C, U. at 2 p m.

Regular preaching by the Pastor at 7:30 P. M. Subject: "How we can improve our Sabbath School."

Sr. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 o,clock. Topic: "Wise Reading", Prov. 4: 1-9.

Class Meeting at 10:30

Genesis 48: 1-19.

Prayer meeting at 7:30

You are most cordially invited to attend the services.

Official Board of the Church meets immediately after prayer-meeting to consider the repairing and painting of the church, All members are invited to attend and consider the matter.

Mens Brotherhood meets in the large room of the church at 3.00 P. M. The Subject to be studied is "Joseph sold by His Brothers". Last Sundays attendanance was Twenty-two men, let us work for 25 per cent more next Sunday. Come prepared with all the information on the Subject to be studied and enjoy an hours healthy association in study with your Brethren.

METHODIST EPI SCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J Howard Ake, pastor.

Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Sunday School at 9.30 o'clock Sunday morning, conducted by Frank Wallet, supt.

Epworth League devotional meeting each Sunday evening at 6.15.

Preaching next Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Subject: "Matthew, Publican and Disciple."

Choir practice at 7:15 Friday evening. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

Probationer's Class at 3:15 o'clock.

Prayer meeting Sunday morning at 10:30.

NOTICE.

The Sixth and Final Account of Ellen O. Van Tries, (nee Oliver) Committee of Sarah Oliver as filed by J. C. Meyer and Dr. Thomas C, Van Tries, Administrators of &c., of Ellen O. Van Tries, deceased, having been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon County on the 21st day of January, 1907, will be allowed by said Court on the 13th day of May, 1907, unless cause be shown why said account should not be allowed.

I. N. Swope, Proth'y.

Proth'y's. Office, Huntingdon, Pa., April 15, 1907

NOTICE.

The Account of Chas. D. Horton, Admr. of J. W. Horton, deceased, who was Committee of Josiah Shaffer, a Lunatic, having been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Huntiugdon County on the 19th day of February, 1907, will be allowed by said Court on the 13th day of May, 1907, unless cause be shown why said account should not be allowed.

I. N. Swope, Proth'y.

Proth'y's, Office, Huntingdon, Pa,, April 15, 1907.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

Estate of A. Lincoln Smith, Deceased.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of A. Lincoln Smith, late of Altoona, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are notified to make settlement of said and those having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

April 1, 1907, L. R. SMITH. Administrator. 412-Bell Ave., Altoona, Pa

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Lydia Bumgardner,

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of Lydia Bumgardner, late of Cass township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are notified to make settlement promptly and those having claims against said estate to present them duly anthenticated for settlement

March 30, 1907, 6t A. C. Greenland, Administrator, Calvin, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

If you want to buy, sell, or rent anything advertise in this Column. It will bring results.

FOR Sale—good hunting dog. Especially good for grey squirrels and bird game. Address D 1 care ITEM.

FOR Sale—Mansard front show case. Size 64x25x20x12 inchss. French mirror back and sliding doors. German silver frame. Will sell cheap. Address S. C. 4, care Item, Mapleton, Pa.

ENTERPRISING People, whether farmers, laborers or mechanics use printed statlonery. A year's supply costs less than a year's supply of common stock in small quantities. Samples and prices on application. ITEM office, Mapleton Depot. Pa.

WANTED—Locust wood suitable for insulator pin, 5 in. and up, 4 ft, 1 inch long, none to be split. All good Wood delivered to the mill at Mapletoa will be paid for on the 10th. of each month for the delivery of the previous month. For further information address L. F. Treaster, Milroy, Pa. or J. B. Shuman, Huntingdon, Pa.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer information, plerse writh me.

B. F. Baker.

Mapleton Depot, April 15, 1907. 4t

WANTED—By Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary $20 and expenses paid weekly; expense money advanced. Work pleasant; position permanent. No investment or experience required. Spare time valuable. Write at once for full particulars and enclose self-addressed envelope. SUPERINTENDENT 132 Lake St., Chicago, Ill,

PICTURES
AND PICTURE FRAMES.

Magnificent Stock Exhibited by James J. Taylor & Co.

We are blowing our own horn, but feel our friends will pardon us for we really have something to blow about. We have one of the biggest lines of Frames and Pictures ever brought to our town. Any one can make a selection from the numbers we show. We have beautiful Frames 5 inches wide finished in oak and gilt, size 16 x 20 inches for $1.75 Also beautiful 6 inch composition frame perforated and finished in white and gilt, size 16 x 20 inches, glass and back for only $2.25 We will save you from 30 to 50 per cent. on Frames. Give us a call aud let us show you our line, or address.

J. J. TAYLOR & CO.

Box 86. MAPLETON DEPOT. PA.

Our Specialties: Family Records, Memorials, Marriage Certificates, and Attractive Colored Pictures and Frames for decorating homes. Headquarters for mail order goods and agents' supplies. Profitable employmen for men, women, boys and girls everywhere

Just received a big line of beautiful wall papers at Shapiro Bros. Prices lower than the lowest.

William Reed & Son's

Store closes at 8 o'clock each evening. except Saturdays till 9

Gray Skies AND Cold Winds.

Notwithstanding the **Spring Selling** goes merrily on at this big store. You will find so much here to help you to forget the dreary weather that it will pay you to come often to see the many hints of brighter days coming. Every section is full to over-flowing with helpful suggestions for the summer outfit.

The Ladies Home Journal Patterns are Making Rapid Strides. into fovor with our patterns. They embody eyery good feature a good pattern should. The Guide-Chart makes their use so easy that the most inexperienced seamstress can scarcely make an error.

For Silks that are stylish and dependable, this store has gotten a great reputation.

Our Skirts—are by far the finest ever shown.

Wm. Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

PARKER'S STORE NEWS.

Fall | Builders' Hardware | Necessities

We shan't weary you with a long story, but we want you to know we are selling all staple goods at rock-bottom prices and will meet prices on all first-class standard goods. We are not selling you something for less than cost and then catch you on something you do not know the price of to make up the loss.

THE BEST GOODS WE CAN BUY
is our motto

A few things you need for present use:

UNDERWEAR FOR CHILDREN, LADIES AND MEN

FELTS AND RUBBERS OF ALL KINDS.

WALL PAPER IN ALL THE LATEST DESIGNS
SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY
A Full Line of Notions and Dry Goods—New Goods are being added to these lines this week—Come and inspect them.

Flour and Feed at Bottom Prices

Anything You Need. Come and we will Try to Suit You.

A. M. PARKER,

Cor. Main and Sherman Sts., MAPLETON, PA.

A FIVE DOLLAR BILL

Lying on the sidewalk would not rest long if you should happen to pass that way and see it. You would pick it up quick.

We can save you money just as easy on your Spring Furniture purchases.

WITH THE OPENING OF SPRING!

One's thoughts turn toward renovating--cleaning up

Are you looking forward to getting new Furniture, Carpet, Wall Paper, Curtains, etc. for any part of the house? Let us save you money. Everything found at a high class Furniture store.

Logan Brothers,

LEADING FURNITURE STORE,
HUNTINGDON, PA,

Doing Business Again.

"When my friends thought I was about to take leave of this world, on account of indigestion, nervousness and general debility," writes A. A. Chisholm, Treadwell, N. Y., "and when it looked as if there was no hope left, I was persuaded to try Electric Bitters, and I rejoice to say they are curing me. I am now doing business as of old, and am still gaining daily." Best tonic medicine on earth, Guaranteed by Wright & Dell. 50c.

The Price of Health.

"The price of health in a malarious district is just 25cents; the cost of a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills," wrights Ella Slayton, of Noland, Ark. New Life Pills cleanse gently and impart new life and vigor to the system. 25c. Satisfacion guaranteed at Wright & Dell's.

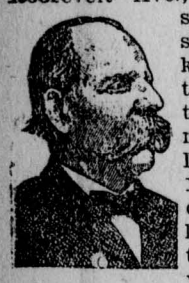
We are selling the best coal ever brought to town; all lumps at $3.10 per ton. Give us your orders Coal on hand at all times. Half ton lots $3.20 W. F. Gilbert.

Rest is the great restore. We tire our muscles by exercise and then rest to restore them; yet a great many of us do not stop to think how little rest we give our stomachs. As a usual thing no part of bodies is so generally overworked as our digestive organs. A tired and overworked stomach will give signs of distress to which we pay no heed until at last Dyspepsia takes hold. Indigestion is just a warning, and if we heed the warning we can easily avoid further consequences. KODOL is a most thorough stomach relief. It digests what you eat and gives the stomach the needed rest and greatly assists in restoring it to its normal activity and usefulness. KODOL is sold on a guarantee relief plan. It is sold here by Wright & Dell.

"Good for everything a salve is used for and especially recommended for piles. That is what we say about DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve. That is what twenty years' of usage has proven. Get the origanal. Sold by Wright & Dell.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

How a Veteran Was Saved the Amputation of a Limb.



B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I had been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as in 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness, first, and then dropsy. I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys, and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My left leg swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Engineering Feats of the Ancients.

There is not an engineer in the world who will not admit that the marvelous accomplishments of the ancient Egyptians in building the pyramids is unparalleled by any modern engineering achievements.

The pyramids of Gizeh, erected more than 5000 years ago, stand as the monuments of a departed race. These vast silent hulks of masonry are objects of wonder and envy to the modern engineer. They are perfect in masonry, and some of them contain blocks of stone weighing from 300 to 500 tons. The most remarkable thing about the construction of these pyramids is that the stone of which they are built must have been brought hundreds of miles across deserts and over mountains.

Even with all the appliances of this age, it would have been a well nigh impossible feat to transport this material over the same routes the Egyptians brought it with no improvements whatever. There seems every reason to believe that these ancient children of the Nile carried the immense blocks of granite by hand or horse power.

Cats.

A cat may purr and purr, and be a villain. Once let the cuisine fall below the proper mark, and off goes the ungrateful (but shrewdly) animal to stop with friends who will look after him better. That is the keynote of the feline character, shrewdness. It is the human traits in their characters which make men call cats selfish. The motto of the cat is "Business is business." If a man takes this as his motto, and acts up to it, we call him a successful man, and we allow him to write absurd essays on "Hints to Young Lads," and so on, in our papers. But we do not honor the cat. —London Globe.

ROMANTIC DEVONSHIRE

The Land Made Famous by Philpotts' Novels.

Philpotts has made us familiar with romantic Devonshire, in his fascinating novels, "The River," "Children of the Mist," etc. The characters are very human; the people there drink coffee with the same results as elsewhere. A writer at Rock House, Orchard Hill, Bideford, North Devon, states:

"For 30 years I drank coffee for breakfast and dinner but some 5 years ago I found that it was producing indigestion and heart-burn, and was making me restless at night. These symptoms were followed by brain fag and a sluggish mental condition.

"When I realized this, I made up my mind that to quit drinking coffee and having read of Postum, I concluded to try it. I had it carefully made, according to directions, and found to my agreeable surprise at the end of a week, that I no longer suffered from either indigestion, heartburn, or brain fag, and that I could drink it at night and secure restful and refreshing sleep.

"Since that time we have entirely discontinued the use of the old kind of coffee, growing fonder and fonder of Postum as time goes on. My digestive organs certainly do their work much better now than before, a result due to Postum Food Coffee, I am satisfied.

"As a table beverage we find (for all the members of my family use it) that when properly made it is most refreshing and agreeable, of delicious flavour and aroma. Vigilance is, however, necessary to secure this, for unless the servants are watched they are likely to neglect the thorough boiling which it must have in order to extract the goodness from the cereal." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

STANDARD OIL FOUND GUILTY OF REBATING

Could Be Fined $29,260,000 Under Chicago Jury's Verdict.

ONLY ONE BALLOT WAS TAKEN

Judge Landis Charged That Company Was Supposed to Know Rates—Strong Precedent Made—Other Cases Can Now Be Pressed.

Chicago.—Under a verdict of guilty brought in by a Federal jury in Judge K. M. Landis' court the Standard Oil Company is liable to fines aggregating $29,260,000. The verdict was found in the rebating case which has been on trial for six weeks, and the company was found guilty on 1463 separate counts in the indictment, each of which calls for a fine of from $1000 to $20,000 under the Elkins law. Only one ballot was required to find the verdict.

This is the first time the Standard Oil Company has been found guilty on a rebate charge, although it has often been accused of taking rebates to stifle competition. The victory of the Government is even greater than appears at first. Upon the plan of this prosecution will be based the trials of the many other cases against the oil trust already started in Illinois, Tennessee, Louisiana, Ohio and New York.

Judge Landis gave the case to the jury at 6 o'clock p. m., after summing up by counsel. Great interest centred in his charge because of its bearing on the defense put in by the Standard Oil attorneys. The prosecution was based on the acceptance by the company from the Chicago & Alton Railroad of a rate of six cents per 100 pounds on oil shipments from Whiting, Ind., to St. Louis, when the regular rate was eighteen cents.

The defense sought to prove that the company was unaware of the fact that the six-cent rate had not been filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission as provided by the Elkins law. Evidence was offered by the Government to show that it was the duty of the company's officials to know whether the rate was in the hands of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

District Attorney Sims, who has the honor of gaining the conviction, stepped over to shake hands with the jurymen.

Assistant District Attorneys Wilkerson and Parkin joined their chief. It was Mr. Wilkerson who bore the brunt of the fight in the trial, as it was Mr. Parkin who gathered much of the data.

The prosecution is one of those growing out of the Garfield report, submitted to President Roosevelt last May. The report showed in detail the various methods employed by Standard Oil to stamp out competition, and one of the chief ones proved to be secret rates enjoyed on practically every big railroad of the country. The big refinery of the company is located at Whiting, and from it the company has supplied the oil trade throughout the Central States.

Even at the minimum fine fixed by law the amount to be assessed against the company under the verdict would be $1,463,000. Before the exact amount is determined a motion in arrest of judgment will be presented and argued by the attorneys for the defense. It is their contention that only one offense was committed, and the maximum fine cannot be placed at more than $20,000. In the motion to quash made before the trial Judge Landis indicated an adverse ruling on this point.

WOMAN KILLED AT TELEPHONE.

Cuff Button Closes Circuit Between Telephone and Electric Currents.

Marlboro, Mass. — Miss Anna Greenwood, aged twenty-nine, was killed by electricity while using the telephone at her home. An examination showed a slight burn on the wrist, indicating that a cuff button had touched the switch as she turned on the light, the current passing through her body into the telephone instrument which she was touching with her other hand.

After dinner Miss Greenwood left the table laughing at a remark made by her father and stepped from the dining room to the telephone to call a friend. There is an electric light directly over the telephone and she reached to turn it on as she started to ring for central.

Instantly all the lights in the house were extinguished and Mr. Greenwood heard his daughter fall. He hurried to her, but she was dead.

FREED ON UNWRITTEN LAW.

Louisiana Jury Ignores Bill Against Slayer of Wife's Traducer.

Baton Rouge, La. — Congressman George K. Favrot, who shot and killed Dr. Harry Aldrich November 7 last, and who has been in the parish jail ever since, has been released.

The first Grand Jury indicted Favrot for murder in the first degree. The indictment was attacked, attorneys alleging the Grand Jury was illegally drawn. The Supreme Court quashed the indictment and the new Grand Jury, basing its action on the unwritten law, unanimously reported "Not a true bill."

Aldrich had circulated slanderous reports about Favrot's wife.

24 LOTTERY MEN INDICTED

The Federal Grand Jury Accuses Wealthy Men of Conspiracy.

F. X. Fitzpatrick, of Cambridge, Pleads Guilty—Dave H. Morris and Gen. Cabell Also in List.

Mobile, Ala.—Dave Hennen Morris, of New York, the well known turfman and former president of the Automobile Club of America, and his brother, Alfred H. Morris, of New Orleans, were two of a number of prominent men indicted here by the Federal Grand Jury, charged with conspiring to violate the anti-lottery laws of the United States. The Federal Grand Jury has been considering the cases for two weeks, and the announcement that twenty-four persons had been indicted caused a sensation. In the list below are men of prominence in the social and financial world of several cities. Even bets were made that the Federal Grand Jury would not return true bills against them.

The action of the Grand Jury is a tribute to the work of Attorney-General Nields, District Attorney W. H. Armbeck, of this city, and the band of Secret Service men who have been at work for the last three months digging up the evidence against the accused men.

The list of the others indicted, most of whom are out on bond, is as follows:

General W. L. Cabell, of Dallas, Texas, an ex-Confederate officer over seventy years of age, and who it is alleged supervised the drawings in Honduras and made frequent trips to this city; Albert Baldwin, Sr., president of the New Orleans National Bank and of the Southern Yacht Club at New Orleans, a capitalist, society leader and prominent in carnival circles; Frank X. Fitzpatrick, a well known resident of Cambridge, Mass., and reputed to be a millionaire; Frank T. Howard, of New Orleans, the richest man in that city and the principal stockholder in the St. Charles Hotel; Harry W. Henderson and W. C. Henderson, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; William P. Johnson, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Joseph L. Shaw, of Washington, D. C.; E. L. Penac and Lewis S. Graham, of New Orleans, who were caught here in the lottery raid on the printing office in this city in the month of January; Robert K. Thompson, foreman of the printing office; E. T. Demarest, Walter Demarest, John M. Demarest, Paul Conrad and Chapman Hyams, wealthy residents of New Orleans; James Rea and W. C. Bredow, who were employed by the lottery company in the drawings.

Frank X. Fitzpatrick, the Cambridge man, who is known as the richest man in the case, went before United States Commissioner Richard Jones and pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiring to violate the anti-lottery laws. Sentence was suspended until the fourth Monday in May. The fine is $10,000. Several others indicted wanted to plead guilty if the Government officers would consent to a recommendation as to fines, but they declined to do this. Baldwin and Howard Hyams and Morris and Demares are alleged by the Government to have been the owners of the lottery company.

That profits of $6,000,000 a year were divided among the men at the head of the Honduras Lottery is the assertion made by the Federal officers in Mobile. They declare that Alfred Hennen Morris and Dave Hennen Morris, of New York and New Orleans, and Albert Baldwin, Sr., and Frank T. Howard, bankers of New Orleans, are the owners of the company and got the great share of these profits.

JAMES H. ECKELS DIES.

Former Comptroller of Currency and Identified With Western Banking.

Chicago.—James H. Eckels, Comptroller of the Currency during Grover Cleveland's second Presidential term, and president of the Commercial National Bank of this city, died suddenly of heart disease at his home here. His death might not have been discovered for hours had not his brother George M., sent a message to the house to find out why he did not answer his private telephone.

Doctors summoned by the servants said that Mr. Eckels had expired while asleep and had been dead several hours. He was born in 1858.

The former Comptroller passed away on the eve of a breakfast party he was giving to Federal Judge K. M. Landis, his brother-in-law and several other friends. Only recently his father, James J. Eckels, died under similar circumstances while his son was dining with ex-President Cleveland here. Mr. Eckles' wife and daughter are in Paris.

MUTINY IN RIGA PRISON.

Seven Men Killed and Twelve Wounded by the Troops.

Riga, Russia.—There was a serious mutiny in the local prison. Thirty-three inmates attacked and overpowered the superintendent and the wardens of the establishment. Troops were then summoned and opened fire. Seven of the mutineers were killed and twelve wounded. Nine soldiers were wounded in the affray, which lasted an hour. The superintendent of the prison was badly beaten.

The Indian Population.

It has never been definitely determined just what was the greatest number of Indians in America when they were unmolested and at the height of their power in this country. Some authorities claim that the number could not have exceeded 1,000,000, others assert that it could not have been more than 800,000, and still others contend that there were never more than 500,000. At the present time there are about 284,000 members of the red race in the United States.

There are Indians in eighteen States and three Territories, exclusive of the Indian Territory. Nearly all the tribes are west of the Mississippi, in fact, most of them are beyond the Missouri. There are 156 reservations in all. In the northwestern part of New York there are about 5000 descendants of the great warrior tribes living on eight reservations.

To-day there are 159,000 Indians who wear citizens' dress in whole or in part, and 70,000 who can read and speak English. There are 28,000 Indian families now living in comfortable modern dwellings. The Indians make quite a strong religious showing. They have 390 church buildings and a total membership of about 40,000.

Recluse's Library in a Cave.

"The Devil's Grotto," a cave near Beauvoir en Royans, has been held in superstitious awe by the residents in the neighborhood, who lately have been frightened by reports of mysterious lights seen in the cave after nightfall.

A magistrate and several policemen visited the cave, and on penetrating to the interior found a man with long matted hair and beard, who said his name was Andre Faure. The cave contained an electric generator, and was brilliantly illuminated. Faure was fitting up shelves to accommodate some thousands of volumes which were stacked in the cave. —London Evening Standard.

BABY WASTED TO SKELETON.

In Torments With Terrible Sores on Face and Body—Tore at Flesh —Cured by Cuticura.

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. They began to come on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton and was hardly able to walk. I sent to the drug store and got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since, and I can sincerely say that only for the Cuticura Remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. I used only one cake of Soap and about three boxes of Ointment. Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, R. F. D., No. 1, Woodville, Conn., April 22, 1905."

Her Decision.

A poor girl noted for her prudence and practicability has lately been pondering the problem of whether to buy an umbrella, which she needs very much, but doesn't at all want, or an Angora kitten, which she doesn't exactly need, but wants so much that it keeps her awake nights. The other day she settled it to her own satisfaction by deciding on the kitten, which she thinks is ever so much more practical than an umbrella, because you can only use an umbrella when it is raining, but a kitten you have with you always. Besides, you can borrow an umbrella, but nobody would lend an Angora.—Topeka State Journal.

A SOCIAL LEADER OF KANSAS CITY

Attributes Her Excellent Health to Pe-ru-na.

MRS. W. H. SIMMONS.

MRS. W. H. SIMMONS, 1119 E. 8th St., Kansas City, Mo., member of the National Annuity Association, writes:

"My health was excellent until about a year ago, when I had a complete collapse from overdoing socially, not getting the proper rest, and too many late suppers. My stomach was in a dreadful condition, and my *nerves all unstrung.*

"I was advised by a friend to try Peruna, and eventually I bought a bottle. I took it and then another, and kept using it for three months.

"At the end of that time my health was restored, my nerves no longer troubled me, and I felt myself once more able to assume my social position. I certainly feel that *Peruna is deserving of praise.*"

There are many reasons why society women break down, why their nervous systems fail, why they have systemic or pelvic catarrh. Indeed, they are especially liable to these ailments. No wonder they require the protection of Peruna. It is their shield and safeguard.

A man of seventy years has given to sleep twenty-four years three and one-half months of his life.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Palm Beach has an alligator 407 years old.

Garfield Tea, which is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Act, is the best remedy for constipation, sick-headache and indigestion. It purifies the blood and cleanses the system.

Believes in It.

The Delaware Legislature has decided unanimously to continue the whipping-post for wife-beaters.—New York Tribune.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cleared the Place of Rats.

The ingenuity of a South Norfolk, Conn., workman in tying a small bell around the neck of a rat and then liberating it has completely freed the company's factory of an army of these pests.

The noise of the tinkling bell frightened them away.—London Express.

BACKACHE AND DESPONDENCY

MISS LENA NAGEL

Are both symptoms of organic derangement, and nature's warning to women of a trouble which will sooner or later declare itself.

How often do we hear women say, "It seems as though my back would break." Yet they continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, dragging sensations, nervousness and no ambition.

They do not realize that the back is the main-spring of woman's organism and quickly indicates by aching a diseased condition of the feminine organs or kidneys, and that aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from native roots and herbs has been for many years the most successful remedy in such cases. No other medicine has such a record of cures of feminine ills.

Miss Lena Nagel, of 117 Morgan St., Buffalo, N. Y., writes:— "I was completely worn out and on the verge of nervous prostration. My back ached all the time. I had dreadful periods of pain, was subject to fits of crying and extreme nervousness, and was always weak and tired. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures Female Complaints, such as Backache, Falling and Displacements, and all Organic Diseases. Dissolves and expels Tumors at an early stage. It strengthens and tones the Stomach, Cures Headache and Indigestion and invigorates the whole feminine system.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free.

NO WONDER THEY COME TO AMERICA!

—By "Scar," in the New York Globe.

MEAT AND DAIRY EXPORTS.

Total Value $250,000,000 Last Year, a Growth of Forty-five Per Cent. in Decade.

Washington, D. C.—The total exportation of meats, dairy products and food animals from the United States last year aggregated over $250,000,000 in value, according to a statement issued by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor. This represents an increase of $70,000,000, or forty-five per cent. during the decade 1896 to 1906. More than sixty per cent. of last year's exports went to the United Kingdom. Even this large percentage, however, is less than that of a decade ago, when Great Britain took over seventy per cent. of American exports.

Of the $250,000,000 worth of meats, dairy products and food animals passing out of the United States last year, $40,000,000 was in live animals, $58,000,000 in lard, $36,000,000 in bacon, $25,000,000 in fresh beef, $21,000,000 in hams, $18,000,000 in oleomargarine, $14,000,000 in pork other than bacon and hams, $4,500,000 in butter and $2,500,000 in cheese.

The farmers of America are enjoying their full share of the general prosperity of the country. The report of the Government recently made public announces that the value of farms increased thirty-three per cent. in five years, from 1900 to 1906. This increase extends to every State in the Union in greater or less degree. Oklahoma shows the largest increase, forty-three per cent., but even New England, which does not lay claim to much of a farming country, shows a gain of eighteen per cent.

This great increase in our farm wealth is, of course, due to the remarkable advance in the value of farm products, which is estimated to be about forty per cent. Increased earnings have come with better knowledge of conditions and better methods of farming, and as these methods are constantly improving, our continued prosperity seems assured.

COST OF LIVING LESS.

Commodity Prices Fall, Partly Because the Hen is Busy.

New York City. — A decline of nearly two per cent. in commodity prices is attributed by Dun's Index Number in large measure to the spring activities of the American hen and the consequent decline in the price of eggs of ten and a half cents a dozen, which resulted in a heavy increase in the per capita consumption.

It is usual at this time of year for the prices of dairy and garden products to recede, but last month the decline was exceptional. Commenting on the causes of the decline, outside of the influence of the break in eggs, Dun's mentions the relief to railway freight blockades, that made it possible to move grain and many other products more freely to market, and the feeling of conservatism in some industries, which restricted purchases of raw materials.

A BILLION PAID FOR AUTOS.

French Statistician Says That America Now Leads the World.

Washington, D. C.—M. Faroux, a French statistician, according to a report received by the Bureau of Manufactures, estimates that about 550,000 motor cars have been manufactured in the nine years since the experiment of self-propelled road vehicles first succeeded. These machines sold for more than a billion dollars.

Until a year ago France, the pioneer, led the world in the production of the motor vehicle. Now the United States has taken the lead. According to M. Faroux, the United States built 60,000 automobiles in 1906, France 55,000, England 28,000, Germany 22,000, Italy 19,000 and Belgium 12,000. In 1901 the United States built only 314 cars, and that same year France built 23,711.

OUR GROWING FOREIGN TRADE.

Increase of $223,629,301 During the Past Eight Months.

Washington, D. C.—The foreign trade of the United States increased $223,629,301 during the eight months ended February 28, notwithstanding a falling off of $23,000,000 in the exports of foodstuffs. The increase was made up of $132,779,306 in the volume of imports and $90,848,995 in the value of exports—the most notable in any one class being the exports of crude meterials to be used in manufactures, which reached a total of $447,073,527, against $372,054,901 in the same period of the previous year. The imports of like materials also showed a large increase—$44,821,164. The totals for the several classes and the comparative increases are:

IMPORTS.

Foodstuffs	$195,361,686	Inc	$11,690,965
Crude materials	307,397,965	Inc	44,821,164
Partly manufactured	179,222,065	Inc	38,709,670
Finished manufactures	243,103,883	Inc	36,572,585
Miscellaneous	7,651,227	Inc	975,227
Totals	$932,736,826	Inc	$132,779,306

EXPORTS.

Foodstuffs	$343,486,501	Dec	$23,254,125
Crude materials	447,073,527	Inc	75,018,626
Partly manufactured	168,598,442	Inc	25,587,043
Finished manufactures	309,978,384	Inc	14,100,575
Miscellaneous	20,303,524	Inc	396,876
Totals	$1,298,240,378	Inc	$90,848,995

In exports 1906 gave us compared with 1905 $21,000,000 more for less cotton, $32,000,000 more for wheat, $9,000,000 more for wheat flour, $1,800,000 more for automobiles, $2,400,000 more for railroad cars, nearly $2,000,000 more for chemicals, $4,000,000 more for copper, $2,600,000 more for hops, $4,000,000 more for scientific instruments and apparatus, $1,200,000 more for steel sheets, $1,700,000 more for wire, $1,800,000 more for builders' hardware, $2,300,000 more for metal working machinery, $1,400,000 more for sewing machines, $2,000,000 more for locomotives, $5,000,000 more for upper leathers, $1,000,000 more for boots and shoes, $1,900,000 more for tallow, $7,600,000 more for bacon, $2,000,000 more for pork, $3,000,000 more for lard, $2,300,000 more for oleo, $1,700,000 more for butter, $1,700,000 more for cheese, $2,100,000 more for naval stores, $2,600,000 more for oil cake and meal, $1,700,000 more for crude oil, $4,500,000 more for refined oil, $1,600,000 more for paper and manufactures thereof, $11,000,000 more for seeds, $5,300,000 more for leaf tobacco, $5,600,000 more for timber, $9,000,000 more for lumber and planing mill products, besides a host of minor increases, with very few decreases.

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

Exceed $700,000,000 a Year---Have Doubled in Value in Ten Years.

Washington, D. C. — The United States now ranks third among the world's exporters of manufactures, according to a monograph on "exports of manufactures from the United States and their distribution," issued by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

It is shown that not only do the exports of manufactures now exceed $700,000,000 per annum, and have doubled in value in a single decade, but the share which products of the factory form of the total exports is steadily increasing. A comparison shows that in 1880 manufactures formed only fifteen per cent. of the total exports of domestic products, while in 1906 they formed forty per cent.

In the decade ending with 1905 exports of manufactures increased 198 per cent., while those from Germany increased seventy-five per cent.; from the United Kingdom, forty per cent., and from France, twenty-five per cent.

Customs Receipts Heavier.

New York City. — Customs receipts are running $70,605 a day heavier than last year. So far this fiscal year they have averaged $749,579 a day, as against $678,973 during the fiscal year 1905-6. Treasury officials predict the highest annual record the country has ever known on July 1.

One of the Important Duties of Physicians and the Well-Informed of the World

is to learn as to the relative standing and reliability of the leading manufacturers of medicinal agents, as the most eminent physicians are the most careful as to the uniform quality and perfect purity of remedies prescribed by them, and it is well known to physicians and the Well-Informed generally that the California Fig Syrup Co., by reason of its correct methods and perfect equipment and the ethical character of its product has attained to the high standing in scientific and commercial circles which is accorded to successful and reliable houses only, and, therefore, that the name of the Company has become a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy.

TRUTH AND QUALITY

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing, therefore we wish to call the attention of all who would enjoy good health, with its blessings, to the fact that it involves the question of right living with all the term implies. With proper knowledge of what is best each hour of recreation, of enjoyment, of contemplation and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and the use of medicines dispensed with generally to great advantage, but as in many instances a simple, wholesome remedy may be invaluable if taken at the proper time, the California Fig Syrup Co. feels that it is alike important to present truthfully the subject and to supply the one perfect laxative remedy which has won the appoval of physicians and the world-wide acceptance of the Well-Informed because of the excellence of the combination, known to all, and the original method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

This valuable remedy has been long and favorably known under the name of—Syrup of Figs—and has attained to world-wide acceptance as the most excellent of family laxatives, and as its pure laxative principles, obtained from Senna, are well known to physicians and the Well-Informed of the world to be the best of natural laxatives, we have adopted the more elaborate name of—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as more fully descriptive of the remedy, but doubtless it will always be called for by the shorter name of Syrup of Figs—and to get its beneficial effects always note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company — California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package, whether you simply call for — Syrup of Figs—or by the full name—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—is the one laxative remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. and the same heretofore known by the name — Syrup of Figs — which has given satisfaction to millions. The genuine is for sale by all leading druggists throughout the United States in original packages of one size only, the regular price of which is fifty cents per bottle.

Every bottle is sold under the general guarantee of the Company, filed with the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., that the remedy is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. U. S. A. New York, N. Y.
London, England.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c. package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

The earliest known cookery book was printed in Venice in 1475.

For constipation, biliousness, liver disturbances and diseases resulting from impure blood, take Nature's remedy, Garfield Tea. It is made wholly of health-giving Herbs.

The Kid at the Opera.

"Between the acts the curtain descended and we were allowed another small respite." This is from one of the essays by the school children who witnessed "Lucia di Lammermoor."—London Daily Mail.

The war between Russia and Japan cost the prodigious sum of $2,000,000,000. N.Y.—16

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

By J. HAMILTON AYERS A. M., M. D.

This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure. 598 Pages, Profusely Illustrated. 60c. postpaid. Send postal notes or postage stamps. BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., New York.

Wedding Gifts For Employes.

Every employe of the British postoffice gets a wedding present from the Government when he marries.

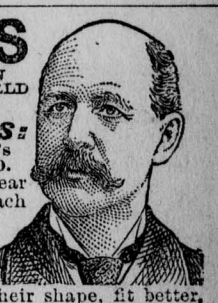
W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.00 AND $3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 GILT EDGE SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES:

Men's Shoes, $5 to $1.50. Boys' Shoes, $3 to $1.25. Women's Shoes, $4 to $1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, $2.25 to $1.00.



W. L. Douglas shoes are recognized by expert judges of footwear to be the best in style, fit and wear produced in this country. Each part of the shoe and every detail of the making is looked after and watched over by skilled shoemakers, without regard to time or cost. If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other makes.

W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. Catalog mailed free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

34 YEARS SELLING DIRECT

Our vehicles and harness have been sold direct from our factory to user for a third of a century. We ship for examination and approval and guarantee safe delivery. You are out nothing if not satisfied as to style, quality and price.

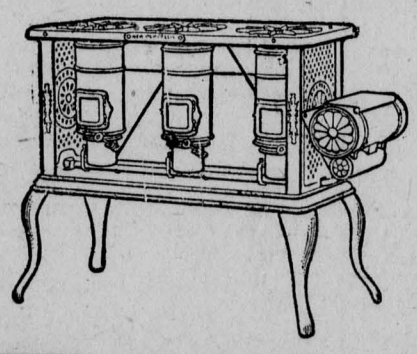
We Are The Largest Manufacturers In The World selling to the consumer exclusively. We make 200 styles of Vehicles, 65 styles of Harness. Send for large, free catalogue.

No. 333, Light Canopy Top Trap. Price complete, $78.00.

Elkhart Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Indiana.

No. 656, Combination Top Buggy and Driving Wagon with tanhope Style Buggy Seat and Bike Gear. Also extra seat for open wagon. Price complete, $61.50.

What "Blue Flame" Means

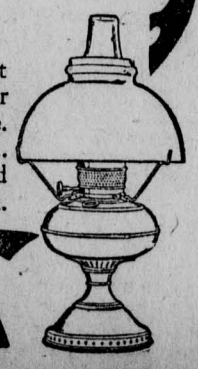


It means the hottest and cleanest flame produced by any stove. This is the flame the New Perfection Oil Stove gives the instant a lighted match is applied—no delay, no trouble, no soot, no dirt. For cooking, the

NEW PERFECTION
Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

is unequaled. It gives quick results because its heat is highly concentrated. Cuts fuel-expense in two. Made in three sizes. Every stove warranted. If not at your dealer's write to our nearest agency.

The Rayo Lamp is the best lamp for all-round household use. Made of brass throughout and beautifully nickeled. Perfectly constructed; absolutely safe; unexcelled in light-giving power; an ornament to any room. Every lamp warranted. If not at your dealer's, write to our nearest agency.



ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
(Incorporated)

PILES

"I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year ago last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have done wonders for me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George Kryder Napoleon, O.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable. Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 593

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

FREE

To convince any woman that Paxtine Antiseptic will improve her health and do all we claim for it. We will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and genuine testimonials. Send your name and address on a postal card.

PAXTINE

cleanses and heals mucous membrane affections, such as nasal catarrh, pelvic catarrh and inflammation caused by feminine ills; sore eyes, sore throat and mouth, by direct local treatment. Its curative power over these troubles is extraordinary and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. 50 cents at druggists or by mail. Remember, however, IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT. THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 25, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH			NORTH	
Expr's A M	Mail P M	STATIONS	Mail A M	F Line P M
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 56	5 00
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18
9 39	6 58	Riddlesburg	10 08	4 11
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00

Sunday train leaves Huntingdon at 8.35 a. m. and returning 5.30 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH			NORTH
	Expr's A M	STATIONS	Expr's P M
	9 35	Saxton	4 00
	9 50	Coalmont	3 45
		Crawford	
	10 05	Dudley	3 30

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD and COA CO. Time Table No. 24, in Effect Monday, January 7, 1907.

SOUTHWARD	No. 2 a.m.	No. 4 p.m.	No. 6 a.m.	No. 8 a.m.
Mount Union . . . LEAVE	9 15	3 50		. .
Mount Union Yard .	9.20	3 55	11 20	
Augh. Mills	9 32	4 08	11 32	. .
Shirley	9 45	4 20	11 45	. .
Orbisonia	10 00	4 35	12 00	
	10 10	4 45	1 35	5 30
Booher Junction . . .	10 15	4 50	1 40	5 34
Pogue	10 22	4 57	1 50	5 45
Three Springs	10 33	5 12	2 05	5 50
Saltillo	10 40	5 25	2 15	5 50
Kimmel	11 00	5 45	2 35	6 10
Cole's	11 13	5 58	2 50	6 38
Rocky Ridge	11 18	6 03	2 55	6 38
Martins	11 23	6 08	3 00	6 40
Cook's	11 28	6 13	3 05	6 45
Robertsdale	11 40	6 25	3 15	6 50
Woodvale . . . . ARRIVE	. .	. .	. .	7.05
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m

NORTHWARD	No. 1 A.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 7 P.M.
Woodvale . . . . . LEAVE	. .	. .	. .	4 25
Robertsdale	6 05	12 40	8 25	4 30
Cook's	6 15	12 50	8 35	4 40
Martins	6 20	12 54	8 39	4 44
Rocky Ridge.	6 25	12 58	8 43	4 48
Cole's	6 30	1 03	8 48	4 53
Kimmel	6 38	1 10	8 56	5 01
Saltillo	7 00	1 30	9 18	5 25
Three Springs	7 10	1 38	9 25	5 32
Pogue	7 25	1 50	†9 37	5 42
Booher Junction	7 35	1 58	9 45	5 50
Orbisonia	7 40	2 05	9 50	5 55
	7 55	2 10	10 10	. .
Shirley	8 10	2 25	10 25	. .
Augh. Mills	8 20	2 35	†10 35	. .
Mt. Union Yard	8 35	2 50	11 55	
Mount Union . . AKRIVE	8 40	2 55		
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUHTWARD			NORTHWARD	
No. 12 p.m.	No. 10 a.m.	STATIONS	No. 9 a.m.	No. 11 p.m
4 50	6 55	Lv. . Orbisonia . .	Ar 7 45	5 45
4 57	7 00	Groves Quarry	7 40	5 39
4 58	7 01	*Blacklog .	7 39	5 38
5 06	7 08	*Cedar Rock .	7 32	5 30
5 09	7 10	*Locke Valley.	7 30	5 27
5 15	7 15	Ar. Shade Gap .	Lv 7 25	5 20
p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m

Train No. 8 will have right of track over train No. 1 betweed Orbisonia and Coles.

All trains run daily except Sunday.

The Company reserves the right to vary from he above Time-Table without notice.

Trains will run on Rocky Ridge and Booher branches on special orders.

†S—Regular Stop, F—Stop on signal.

—Trains will not stop.

Pennsylvania R. R. Trains Leave Mt. Union

WESTWARD—5 27 a. m., 7 48 a., m., 9 39., a. m. 11 02 a. m., 2 16 p. m., 4 51 p. m., 7 21 p. m.

EASTWARD—6 17 a. m., 8 59 a. m., 11 58 a. m., 12 51 p. m., 3 11 p. m., 5 55 p. m., 7 29 p. m., 10 32 p. m.

R. S. SEIBERT, President and Gen Mgr. E. C. HALL, Superintendent.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

April 21: "God Yearning For the World." God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son.—John iii, 16.

By REV. WALTER J. YATES, D. D.

Passages for reference—Matt. xxiii, 37-39; Mark x, 21; Luke xv, 11-32; xxiii, 34.

"How does God feel toward us?" This is perhaps the most important question we ever ask. How shall we find the true answer?

If we look around us at the great world from which we get food, shelter, clothing and the countless natural things needed for bodily life and well being, we may learn something of His power and rulership and possibly may get a glimpse of wisdom and provident care in making things work together so admirably. But we cannot search far before we are struck with the apparent disregard in the workings of nature, for all which we term moral and righteous. The good man gets no more consideration than the wicked one here. No emphasis and no reward is placed on doing the morally right. Fire, flood, lightning, disease and the host of disastrous things overtake the man striving for righteousness just as they do the vicious, until many who have searched for God only in physical nature or who have expected to find there a satisfactory direction for their deeper and purer life are grievously perplexed. The great world of nature gives them no adequate response to their search after moral right and truth and places no premium on goodness. The soul cravings for authority and a master spirit to give sanction and satisfaction to the soul's search for right and duty find nothing to meet their need. Here is a grave peril to all who are earnest of soul.

But why should any one expect to find in material nature the satisfaction of the soul's needs? Heart needs heart. The person needs to have companionship with persons. We may at times get tired of men and the incessant whirl of life and crave to get back to hills, woods and clouds and streams and pillow the head on Mother Earth. All this is born of the physical and satisfies only the bodily life. It never enters the inner spirit sanctuary where we live in things of principle, truth, right, obligation and love. If our God be only a God of nature, He can never lead us to the deeper treasure we crave in our moral and religious makeup.

This is just where our hope in Christ begins. He showed in His talk and acts that He had found what no other man of the race had ever discovered. He knew God as Father, who loved men and had made this world in such a way that the physical life could be sustained even if some men were bad. His inner nature could only be known by those who were lovingly obedient to His directions. He was from the beginning of all things filled with a purpose to make Himself known to those who would receive Him in the tenderest and most glorious manner. His glory and joy are to be shared by His loved ones. All the treasures of the Divine holiness are to be lavished on His children who seek to know Him in righteousness and love.

The inner secret of the Divine nature is the eternal and infinite craving to give and to bless. Outflowing love, ceaseless and limitless, is the fullest expression of His being. Only Jesus has known this in its depths because He is the eternal, only begotten Son. Only He has been able to tell it to men, to live it before them to the very fullness and limit of death and then through death to bring into light the eternal life and immortality which are for those who find the Father through Him.

Have you found rest for the soul in this personal fellowship with God through Christ? If not yet, why not seek until you find? God needs you. You need God. He is seeking you. Let Him find you. That is the worth of life here.

Go on In the Lord's Way.

Do not examine so closely whether you are doing much or little, ill or well, so long as what you do is not sinful and that you are heartily seeking to do everything for God. Try as far as you can to do everything well, but when it is done do not think about it; try rather to think of what is to be done next. Go on simply in the Lord's way and do not torment yourself. We ought to hate our faults, but with a quiet, calm hatred, not pettishly and anxiously. We must learn to look patiently at them and win through them the grace of self abnegation and humility. Be constant and courageous and rejoice that He has given you the will to be wholly His.—St. Francis de Sales.

Bitten by a Spider.

Through blood poisoning caused by a spider bile, John Washington of Bosqueville, Tex., would have lost his leg, which became a mass of running sores, had he not been persuaded to try Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes: "The first application releived, and four boxes healed all the sores." Heales every sore. 25c. at Wright & Dell.

"Nothing so good as Cascasweets," writes a mother who has used it. "It saved my babies life," writes another. Cascasweet it is a vegetable corrective for the disorders of a child's stomach. Contents on the bottle in plain English. 50 doses for 25 cents. Recommended by Wright & Dell.

FISHER'S

Mother's Bread

Only the best flour and materials are used, and it is

Absolutely Pure,

mixed (like all other bread) by the latest improved mixing machines, which guarantee perfect cleanliness, and baked by only skillful bakers in our modern bake shop. If you have not tried it, ask your grocer or stop our wagons which are on the streets all day.

We will also bake our usual line of Bread and Rolls which it has always been our aim to have pure, clean and wholesome.

As to cakes, would say they are made by skilled bakers, and only fresh country butter and eggs are used.

Ask for and eat Fisher's Mother's Bread.

Fisher's
Penn Street Bakery,
Huntingdon, Pa.

WANTED!

25 young couples who intend to start housekeeping, to come and see my line of new and up-to-date house furnishing goods, the cheapest and most up-to date line of goods in Huntingdon County.

Bedsteads from	3.00 up.
Springs "	$2.35 up.
Mattresses from	$2.75 to $4.75
Kitchen Chairs from	4.50 to 7.00
Bedroom Suits, both Cherry and Oak finish, from	23.00 to 26.50
Rockers from	1.45 to 3.50
Loulla Cook Stoves from	25.00 to 29.50
Heating Stoves at Lowest prices	
Nails per keg	3.25
Best lisk ware at Lowest prices	
Old Honestv Mine Pick Handles	.08c
Miner Coal shovels Best make	45c worth 50c
Horse Collars and Harness at a Bargain	
Wall Paper a Specialty	10c up.

Everything in the hardware line, all kinds of stove repairs on short notice, also hand lamps, footed lamps, oil cans and oils of different kinds, paints, varnishes and dishes.

Your patronage is solicited,

E. H. DRAKE,

SALTILLO, PA.

L. W. ZERBY, Jeweler,

SOLID GOLD RINGS,

Penn St., HUNTINGDON, PA.

"Pneumonia's Deadly Work had so seriously my right lung," writes Mrs. Fannie Connor, of Rural Route 1. Georgetown, Tenn., "that I continuously night and day and the neighbors' prediction—consumption—seemed inevitable, until my husband brought home a bottle of Dr. King,s New Discovery, which in my case proved to be the only REAL cough cure and restore of weak, sore lungs." When all other remedies utterly fail, you may still win in the battle against lung and throat trouble with New Discovery, the REAL cure. Guaranteed by Wright & Dell. 50c. and $100. Trial bottle free.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS

Price 50c & $1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

GRAND DISPLAY OF SPRING GOODS.

We are now showing our full line of spring arrivals consisting of high grade clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Furniture, Carpets and Mattings at very reasonable prices. Before buying your spring goods we invite you to examine our line of seasonable merchandise assuring you that we can save you money on all GOODS you buy from us.

Shoes.

A complete line of shoes and oxfords for men women and children in Patent Leather, Gun Metal, Kid, and other grades of oxfords in all the latest styles at prices lower than other stores ask $1.25 to $4.00.

Furniture and Carpets.

House cleaning time is here are you ready to buy your carpets or oil cloths. We have a full line at away down prices. 20 to 75 cts. per yard.

Groceries.

When you buy Grocepies here you are getting pure food. Don't run the risk in buying Groceries that is not pure and pay more than we ask.

Mens Spring Suits.

$3.50 to 15.00. Young Mens suits 2.50 to 8.00. Boys Spring suits 75c to 5.00. Men's dress Pants 1.25 to 5.00. Boys knee pants 15c to 50c. Genuine Bargains in Clothing Department.

Dry Goods.

Our line of Dry Goods and Dress Goods is the best we ever had, a full line of silks, mohairs at reasonable prices.

Childrens Dresses in all colors and sizes. Price 25 to 1.50.

Spring trade has opened with a Rush, everybody is now buying Spring Goods. The earliest buyers always get the best selection. We invite you to come to our store. We convince you that we undersell other merchants besides you can make your selections from larger stocks at a lower price.

SHAPIRO BROS,

MAPLETON - - - PA.

We have leased the Cement Block plant of Swope-Gayton Quarry Co. and will operate same. If you have a wall to build it will pay to see us, we do contract work. Cement for sale at factory.

Respectfully,

C. C. Wright, Mgr. Wright Bros.

THE NEW IDEA KENNEDY'S Laxative Honey and Tar

Moves the Bowels

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP CONTAINING

Best for Children AND

A Clover Blossom on Every Bottle

E. C. DeWITT & CO. CHICAGO

Nearly all other cough cures are constipating, especially those containing Opiates. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar moves the bowels, contains no Opiates.

Druggists.